

# Package ‘CircSeqAlignTk’

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**Title** End-to-End Analysis of Small RNA-Seq Data from Viroids

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**Description** CircSeqAlignTk is a toolkit for the analysis of RNA-Seq data derived from circular genome sequences, with a primary focus on viroids, circular RNAs typically consisting of a few hundred nucleotides. The toolkit supports an end-to-end analysis pipeline, from alignment to visualization.

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### CircSeqAlignTk-package

*CircSeqAlignTk: End-to-End Analysis of Small RNA-Seq Data from Viroids*

---

## Description

CircSeqAlignTk is a toolkit for the analysis of RNA-Seq data derived from circular genome sequences, with a primary focus on viroids, circular RNAs typically consisting of a few hundred nucleotides. The toolkit supports an end-to-end analysis pipeline, from alignment to visualization.

## Details

Refer to the vignette for an overview of the package, quick start, and detailed usages.

## Author(s)

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- Wei Cao [contributor]

## See Also

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/bitdessim/CircSeqAlignTk>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/bitdessim/CircSeqAlignTk/issues>

## Examples

```
browseVignettes("CircSeqAlignTk")
```

---

align_reads	<i>Align sequence reads to a genome sequence</i>
-------------	--

---

## Description

This function aligns sequence reads in a FASTQ file to the reference sequences of a genome.

## Usage

```
align_reads(  
  input,  
  index,  
  output,  
  n_threads = 1,  
  n_mismatch = 1,  
  overwrite = TRUE,  
  aligner = c("hisat2", "bowtie2"),  
  add_args = NULL  
)
```

## Arguments

input	A path to a FASTQ format file for alignment.
index	A <a href="#">CircSeqAlignTkRefIndex-class</a> object generated by the <a href="#">build_index</a> function.
output	A path to a directory for saving the intermediate and final results of alignment.
n_threads	Number of threads to use for aligning reads.
n_mismatch	Number of allowed mismatches in alignment.
overwrite	Overwrite the existing files if TRUE.
aligner	A string to specify the alignment is for alignment.
add_args	A string of additional arguments to be passed on to the alignment tool directly. For example, -N 0 -L 22, --no-spliced-alignment -k 10, etc.

## Details

This function aligns sequence reads in a FASTQ format file in two stages: (i) aligning reads to the type 1 reference sequence (i.e., `refseq.t1.fa`) and (ii) collecting the unaligned reads and aligning them with the type 2 reference (i.e., `refseq.t2.fa`). The alignment results are saved as BAM format files in the specified directory with the suffixes `*.t1.bam` and `*.t2.bam`. The original alignment results may contain mismatches. Hence, filtering is performed to remove the alignment with mismatches over the specified value from the BAM format file. The filtered results of the `*.t1.bam` and `*.t2.bam` are saved as `*.clean.t1.bam` and `*.clean.t2.bam`, respectively.

Two alignment tools (Bowtie2 and HISAT2) can be specified for building indexes through the aligner argument. This function first attempts to call the specified alignment tool installed on the operation system directly; however, if the tool is not installed, then the function attempts to call `bowtie2_build` or `hisat2_build` functions implemented in the Rbowtie2 or Rhisat2 packages for alignment.

## Value

A `CircSeqAlignTkAlign-class` object.

## See Also

[CircSeqAlignTkAlign-class](#)

## Examples

```
output_dpath <- tempdir()

genome_seq <- system.file(package="CircSeqAlignTk", "extdata", "FR851463.fa")
fq <- system.file(package="CircSeqAlignTk", "extdata", "srna.fq.gz")

ref_index <- build_index(input = genome_seq,
                           output = file.path(output_dpath, 'index'))
aln <- align_reads(input = fq, index = ref_index,
                     output = file.path(output_dpath, 'align_results'))

slot(aln, 'stats')
```

---

build\_app

*Build a GUI application of CircSeqAlignTk*

---

## Description

Build a graphical user interface (GUI) application for CircSeqAlignTk using Shiny package.

## Usage

`build_app(...)`

**Arguments**

... Arguments to be passed to [shinyApp](#).

**Details**

The CircSeqAlignTk graphical user interface (GUI) application is built using the Shiny package. Users need to install the Shiny package and associated packages (shinyFiles, shinyjs) to use this application. Additionally, the installation of RBowtie2 and Rhisat2 is required to use the full functionality of this application.

**Value**

A Shiny application object.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
library(shiny)  
library(CircSeqAlignTk)  
  
app <- build_app()  
runApp(app)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

**build\_index**

*Build indexes of reference sequences for alignment*

---

**Description**

This function internally calls Bowtie2 or HISAT2 to build indexes of reference sequences for alignment preparation.

**Usage**

```
build_index(  
  input,  
  output = NULL,  
  n_threads = 1,  
  overwrite = TRUE,  
  aligner = c("hisat2", "bowtie2"),  
  add_args = NULL  
)
```

## Arguments

input	A path to a FASTA format file containing a reference sequence of a genome for indexing.
output	A path to a directory for saving the reference sequences and indexes.
n_threads	Number of threads to use for aligning reads.
overwrite	Overwrite the existing files if TRUE.
aligner	A string to specify the alignment for indexing.
add_args	A string of additional arguments to be passed on to the alignment tool directly (e.g., <code>--quiet</code> ).

## Details

This function generates two types of reference sequences from a genome and indexes them in preparation for alignment. The type 1 reference sequence is identical to the sequence provided by the `input` argument. The type 2 reference sequence is generated by restoring the type 1 reference sequence to a circular RNA and opening the circle at the position opposite to that of type 1. The type 1 and 2 reference sequences are then saved as FASTA format files, `refseq.t1.fa` and `refseq.t2.fa`, respectively, under the directory specified by the `output` argument. Next, the function builds indexes for `refseq.t1.fa` and `refseq.t2.fa`.

Two alignment tools (Bowtie2 and HISAT2) can be specified for building indexes through the `aligner` argument. This function first attempts to call the specified alignment tool installed on the operation system directly; however, if the tool is not installed, then the function attempts to call `bowtie2_build` or `hisat2_build` functions implemented in the `Rbowtie2` or `Rhisat2` packages for indexing.

## Value

A `CircSeqAlignTkRefIndex-class` object.

## See Also

`CircSeqAlignTkRefIndex-class`

## Examples

```
output_dpath <- tempdir()

genome_seq <- system.file(package="CircSeqAlignTk", "extdata", "FR851463.fa")
ref_index <- build_index(input = genome_seq,
                         output = file.path(output_dpath, "index"))
```

---

calc_coverage	<i>Calculate alignment coverage</i>
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---

## Description

This function calculates alignment coverage according to the read strand and length from alignment results.

## Usage

```
calc_coverage(x)
```

## Arguments

x A [CircSeqAlignTkAlign-class](#) object generated by the [align\\_reads](#) function.

## Details

This function calculates alignment coverage from the two BAM files, `.*.clean.t1.bam` and `.*.clean.t2.bam`, generated by the [align\\_reads](#) function. The coverage is then sorted by the strand and length of the aligned reads and summarized into data frames.

## Value

A [CircSeqAlignTkCoverage-class](#) object.

## See Also

[CircSeqAlignTkAlign-class](#), [CircSeqAlignTkCoverage-class](#), [align\\_reads](#)

## Examples

```
output_dpath <- tempdir()
genome_seq <- system.file(package="CircSeqAlignTk", "extdata", "FR851463.fa")
fq <- system.file(package="CircSeqAlignTk", "extdata", "srna.fq.gz")
ref_index <- build_index(input = genome_seq,
                           output = file.path(output_dpath, 'index'))
aln <- align_reads(input = fq, index = ref_index,
                     output = file.path(output_dpath, 'align_results'))

alncov <- calc_coverage(aln)
```

---

**CircSeqAlignTkAlign-class**

*Class to store alignment results*

---

**Description**

A class to store alignment results, including the paths to FASTQ and BAM format files and the alignment summary. The object belongs to this class is generated by [align\\_reads](#) function.

**Slots**

`input_fastq` A path to the query FASTQ format file.

`fastq` A vector containing the paths to the two FASTQ format files used for alignment to the type 1 and type 2 references, respectively. See [align\\_reads](#) for how the FASTQ format files are generated.

`bam` A vector containing the paths to the two BAM format files corresponding to the alignment results of the two FASTQ files shown in the `fastq` slot, respectively.

`clean_bam` A vector containing the paths to the two BAM format files after filtering by number of mismatch from BAM format files shown in `bam` slot.

`stats` A data frame containing alignment summary, e.g., number of query reads, aligned reads, and unaligned reads.

`reference` A [CircSeqAlignTkRefIndex-class](#) storing the information of reference for alignment.

**See Also**

[CircSeqAlignTkRefIndex-class](#), [align\\_reads](#)

---

**CircSeqAlignTkCoverage-class**

*Class to save alignment coverage*

---

**Description**

A class to store the alignment coverage generated by [calc\\_coverage](#) function.

**Slots**

`forward` A matrix containing the alignment coverage of the forward strand reads.

`reverse` A matrix containing the alignment coverage of the reverse strand reads.

`.figdata` A string of adapter sequence.

**See Also**

[calc\\_coverage](#)

---

**CircSeqAlignTkRefIndex-class**

*Class to store reference information*

---

**Description**

A class to store reference information for alignment. The object belongs to this class is generated by [build\\_index](#) function.

**Slots**

`name` Reference name. The sequence name written the header of FASTA format file.

`seq` Reference sequence.

`length` Length of the reference sequence.

`fasta` A vector containing the paths to the two FASTA format files of the type 1 and type 2 reference sequences, respectively. See [build\\_index](#) for how FASTA format files are generated.

`index` A vector containing the paths to the two reference indexes corresponding to the two FASTA format files stored in the `fasta` slot, respectively.

`cut_loc` The position on the user-given sequence (i.e., the type 1 sequence) to cut for generating the type 2 reference sequence.

**See Also**

[build\\_index](#)

---

**CircSeqAlignTkSim-class**

*Class to save information of synthetic reads*

---

**Description**

A class to store parameters for generating synthetic sequence reads. The object belongs to this class is generated by [generate\\_reads](#) function.

**Slots**

`seq` A string of a genome sequence, which is used for sampling synthetic sequence reads.

`adapter` A string of adapter sequence.

`read_info` A data frame storing the summary information of read generation. It contains the start and end positions of sampling, strand, and nucleotide sequence of each synthetic read.

`peak` A data frame storing the peaks information of alignment coverage.

`coverage` A [CircSeqAlignTkCoverage-class](#) storing the information of alignment coverage.

`fastq` A path to FASTQ format file saving the synthetic reads.

**See Also**

[generate\\_reads](#), [CircSeqAlignTkCoverage-class](#)

---

filter\_reads

*Filter sequence reads in a FASTQ file by length*

---

**Description**

This function removes sequence reads with lengths outside the specified range from the FASTQ file.

**Usage**

```
filter_reads(input, output, read_lengths = seq(21, 24), overwrite = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

input	A path to a FASTQ file targeted for filtering.
output	A path to save the filtered reads in FASTQ format.
read_lengths	A series of integers to specify read length. Reads other than the length specified will be excluded during alignment.
overwrite	Overwrite the existing files if TRUE.

**Details**

Studies on small RNA-seq data from viroid-infected plants have mostly focused on reads with lengths ranging from 21 nt to 24 nt. This function is intended to be used to remove sequence reads with lengths outside the specified range. The default range is 21-24 nt, which can be changed through the `read_lengths` argument.

Note that, if filtering by read length has already been performed during the quality control process, there is no need to use this function.

**Value**

A path to the filtered FASTQ file.

**Examples**

```
output_dpath <- tempdir()  
  
fq <- system.file(package="CircSeqAlignTk", "extdata", "srna.fq.gz")  
output_fq <- file.path(output_dpath, "srna.filtered.fq.gz")  
filter_reads(fq, output_fq, seq(21, 24))
```

---

generate_reads	<i>Generate synthetic sequence reads</i>
----------------	--

---

## Description

This function generates synthetic sequence reads to mimic RNA-seq reads sequenced from organelles or organisms with circular genome sequences in FASTQ format file.

## Usage

```
generate_reads(  
  n = 10000,  
  seq = NULL,  
  output = NULL,  
  adapter = NULL,  
  srna_length = NULL,  
  read_length = 150,  
  mismatch_prob = 0,  
  peaks = NULL,  
  read_name_prefix = NULL  
)
```

## Arguments

n	Number of reads should be generated.
seq	A file path to a genome sequence in FASTA format file or a string of genome sequence.
output	A file path to store the synthetic reads in FASTQ format file. The extension should be one of .fq, .fastq. Note that to compress the FASTQ format file, add .gz or .gzip to the extension (e.g., .fq.gz, .fq.gzip).
adapter	A path to a FASTA format file containing a string of adapter sequence. If NULL is specified, the sequence "AGATCGGAAGAGCACACGTCTGAACCTCCAGTCAC" is used as the adapter sequence. If NA is specified, the adapter sequence is not included in the synthetic reads.
srna_length	A data frame to specify the lengths of sequence reads sampled from the genome sequence. The data frame should contain two columns named as length and prob. The values in the length column is used to specify the lengths of sequence reads; the values in the prob column is used to specify the probability that reads with specified length among all reads. If the argument is not given (i.e., srna_length = NULL), a data frame is randomly generated before sampling the reads.
read_length	The length of synthetic reads. If adapter is specified, the reads are generated by concatenating sequence reads and adapter sequences until the specified length. If adapter = None, ignore this argument.

mismatch_prob	A vector to specify probabilities of mismatches occurring in the reads. In order not to allow any mismatches in the reads, set the argument to 0. To allow multiple mismatches in the reads, set multiple probabilities (e.g., c(0.05, 0.01)).
peaks	A data frame to specify the peaks of the alignment coverage. The data frame should contain four columns named as mean, std, strand, and prob. The values in the mean and std columns are used to sample the start position of sequence reads from the genome sequence given by seq. The values in the strand column should be + or - to specify which read strand generates the peak. The values in the prob column should be probabilities to use the mean, std, and strand of the same row for read generation. If the argument is not given (i.e., peaks = NULL), a data frame is randomly generated before sampling the reads.
read_name_prefix	The prefix of read name in FASTQ format file. If NULL, generate the prefix randomly.

### Value

A [CircSeqAlignTkSim-class](#) object containing parameters for read generation.

### See Also

[CircSeqAlignTkSim-class](#)

### Examples

```
output_dpath <- tempdir()

sim <- generate_reads(output = file.path(output_dpath, 'sample1.fq.gz'))

srna_length <- data.frame(length = c(21, 22, 23, 24),
                           prob = c(0.5, 0.3, 0.1, 0.1))
sim <- generate_reads(output = file.path(output_dpath, 'sample2.fq.gz'),
                      srna_length = srna_length)

sim <- generate_reads(output = file.path(output_dpath, 'sample3.fq.gz'),
                      mismatch_prob = c(0.1, 0.1))

peaks <- data.frame(mean = c( 50, 100, 150),
                      std = c( 3, 5, 5),
                      strand = c('+', '-', '+'),
                      prob = c(0.4, 0.4, 0.2))
sim <- generate_reads(output = file.path(output_dpath, 'sample4.fq.gz'),
                      peaks = peaks)
```

---

merge.CircSeqAlignTkSim  
*Merge multiple synthetic datasets*

---

## Description

Merge multiple synthetic datasets generated by [generate\\_reads](#).

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'CircSeqAlignTkSim'
merge(..., output = NULL, overwrite = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

...	CircSeqAlignTkSim class objects.
output	A file path to store the synthetic reads in FASTQ format file. The extension should be one of .fq, .fastq. Note that to compress the FASTQ format file, add .gz or .gzip to the extension (e.g., .fq.gz, .fq.gzip).
overwrite	Overwrite the existing files if TRUE.

## Details

Merge multiple synthetic datasets generated by [generate\\_reads](#) into one dataset.

## Value

A [CircSeqAlignTkSim-class](#) object.

## See Also

[CircSeqAlignTkSim-class](#), [generate\\_reads](#)

## Examples

```
output_dpath <- tempdir()

sim_params_1 <- data.frame(length = c(21, 22), prob = c(0.5, 0.4))
sim_1 <- generate_reads(n = 5e2,
                        output = file.path(output_dpath, 'sample1.fq.gz'),
                        srna_length = sim_params_1)

sim_params_2 <- data.frame(length = c(19, 20, 23), prob = c(0.2, 0.7, 0.1))
sim_2 <- generate_reads(n = 5e2,
                        output = file.path(output_dpath, 'sample2.fq.gz'),
                        srna_length = sim_params_2)

sim <- merge(sim_1, sim_2, output = file.path(output_dpath, 'sample.fq.gz'))
```

---

plot_coverage	<i>Visualize alignment coverage</i>
---------------	-------------------------------------

---

## Description

This function visualizes the alignment coverage using an area chart. By default, the upper and lower directions of the y-axis represent the alignment coverage of the reads aligned in the forward and reverse strands, respectively.

## Usage

```
plot_coverage(x, read_lengths = NULL, fill = "read_length", scale_fun = NULL)

## S3 method for class 'CircSeqAlignTkCoverage'
plot(x, ...)
```

## Arguments

x	A <a href="#">CircSeqAlignTkCoverage-class</a> object generated by the <a href="#">calc_coverage</a> function.
read_lengths	Numeric numbers to specify the lengths of reads targeted for visualization. If NULL (default), plot the alignment coverage of reads with all lengths.
fill	Specify NULL or read_length. If read_length is specified, then color the area chart according to the read length.
scale_fun	Set log10 or log to plot the alignment coverage in logarithmic scale.
...	Other graphical parameters.

## Value

An object of ggplot2.

## See Also

[CircSeqAlignTkCoverage-class](#), [calc\\_coverage](#)

## Examples

```
output_dpath <- tempdir()
genome_seq <- system.file(package="CircSeqAlignTk", "extdata", "FR851463.fa")
fq <- system.file(package="CircSeqAlignTk", "extdata", "srna.fq.gz")
ref_index <- build_index(input = genome_seq,
                           output = file.path(output_dpath, 'index'))
aln <- align_reads(input = fq, index = ref_index,
                     output = file.path(output_dpath, 'align_results'))

alncov <- calc_coverage(aln)
plot(alncov)
```

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