## Package 'mbkmeans'

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Type Package

Title Mini-batch K-means Clustering for Single-Cell RNA-seq

Version 1.23.0

**Description** Implements the mini-batch k-means algorithm for large datasets, including support for on-disk data representation.

**Depends** R (>= 3.6)

Imports methods, DelayedArray, Rcpp, S4Vectors, SingleCellExperiment, SummarizedExperiment, ClusterR, benchmarkme, Matrix, BiocParallel

Suggests beachmat, HDF5Array, Rhdf5lib, BiocStyle, TENxPBMCData, scater, DelayedMatrixStats, bluster, knitr, testthat, rmarkdown

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**Encoding** UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 7.1.1

LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppArmadillo (>= 0.7.2), Rhdf5lib, beachmat, ClusterR

SystemRequirements C++11

VignetteBuilder knitr

**biocViews** Clustering, GeneExpression, RNASeq, Software, Transcriptomics, Sequencing, SingleCell

BugReports https://github.com/drisso/mbkmeans/issues

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Author Yuwei Ni [aut, cph], Davide Risso [aut, cre, cph], Stephanie Hicks [aut, cph], Elizabeth Purdom [aut, cph]

Maintainer Davide Risso <risso.davide@gmail.com>

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blocksize

blocksize

## Description

Return the maximum number of rows to use based on the amount of ram memory.

## Usage

blocksize(data, ram = get\_ram())

## Arguments

data	matrix-like object.
ram	the max amount of ram (in bytes) to use.

## Value

Numeric value of the maximum number of rows.

```
data <- matrix(NA, nrow = 100, ncol=1000)
blocksize(data, ram=1e6)</pre>
```

clusterRows

## Description

Cluster rows of a matrix-like object with a variety of algorithms.

## Details

This function is deprecated. Please use the clusterRows function in the bluster Bioconductor package.

compute\_wcss

Compute Whithin-Cluster Sum of Squares

## Description

Given a vector of cluster labels, a matrix of centroids, and a dataset, it computes the WCSS.

## Usage

```
compute_wcss(clusters, cent, data)
```

## Arguments

clusters	numeric vector with the cluster assignments.
cent	numeric matrix with the centroids (clusters in rows, variables in columns).
data	matrix-like object containing the data (numeric or integer).

## Value

A numeric vector with the value of WCSS per cluster.

```
data = matrix(1:30,nrow = 10)
cl <- mini_batch(data, 2, 10, 10)
compute_wcss(cl$Clusters, cl$centroids, data)
```

mbkmeans

#### Description

This is an implementation of the mini-batch k-means algorithm of Sculley (2010) for large single cell sequencing data with the dimensionality reduction results as input in the reducedDim() slot.

#### Usage

```
mbkmeans(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'
mbkmeans(x, whichAssay = 1, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'SingleCellExperiment'
mbkmeans(x, reduceMethod = "PCA", whichAssay = 1, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'LinearEmbeddingMatrix'
mbkmeans(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
mbkmeans(
  х,
  clusters,
  batch_size = min(500, NCOL(x)),
 max_iters = 100,
  num_init = 1,
  init_fraction = batch_size/NCOL(x),
  initializer = "kmeans++",
  compute_labels = TRUE,
  calc_wcss = FALSE,
  early_stop_iter = 10,
  verbose = FALSE,
  CENTROIDS = NULL,
  tol = 1e-04,
  BPPARAM = BiocParallel::SerialParam(),
  . . .
)
```

## Arguments ×

The object on which to run mini-batch k-means. It can be a matrix-like object (e.g., matrix, Matrix, DelayedMatrix, HDF5Matrix) with genes in the rows and samples in the columns. Specialized methods are defined for SummarizedExperiment and SingleCellExperiment.

... passed to 'blockApply'.

#### mbkmeans

	whichAssay	The assay to use as input to mini-batch k-means. If x is a SingleCellExperiment, this is ignored unless reduceMethod = NA.
	reduceMethod	Name of dimensionality reduction results to use as input to mini-batch k-means. Set to NA to use the full matrix.
	clusters	the number of clusters
	batch_size	the size of the mini batches. By default, it equals the minimum between the number of observations and 500.
	max_iters	the maximum number of clustering iterations
	num_init	number of times the algorithm will be run with different centroid seeds
	init_fraction	proportion of data to use for the initialization centroids (applies if initializer is $kmeans++$ ). Should be a float number between 0.0 and 1.0. By default, it uses the relative batch size.
	initializer	the method of initialization. One of <i>kmeans++</i> and <i>random</i> . See details for more information
	compute_labels	logcical indicating whether to compute the final cluster labels.
	calc_wcss	logical indicating whether the per-cluster WCSS is computed. Ignored if 'com- pute_labels = FALSE'.
early_stop_iter		
		continue that many iterations after calculation of the best within-cluster-sum-of-squared-error
	verbose	either TRUE or FALSE, indicating whether progress is printed during clustering
	CENTROIDS	a matrix of initial cluster centroids. The rows of the CENTROIDS matrix should be equal to the number of clusters and the columns should be equal to the columns of the data
	tol	a float number. If, in case of an iteration (iteration > 1 and iteration < max_iters) 'tol' is greater than the squared norm of the centroids, then kmeans has con- verged
	BPPARAM	See the 'BiocParallel' package. Only the label assignment is done in parallel.

#### Details

The implementation is largely based on the MiniBatchKmeans function of the ClusterR package. The contribution of this package is to provide support for on-disk data representations such as HDF5, through the use of DelayedMatrix and HDF5Matrix objects, as well as for sparse data representation through the classes of the Matrix package. We also provide high-level methods for objects of class SummarizedExperiment, SingleCellExperiment, and LinearEmbeddingMatrix.

This function performs k-means clustering using mini batches.

**kmeans++**: kmeans++ initialization. Reference : http://theory.stanford.edu/~sergei/papers/kMeansPP-soda.pdf AND http://stackoverflow.com/questions/5466323/how-exactly-does-k-means-work

random: random selection of data rows as initial centroids

## Value

A list with the following attributes: centroids, WCSS\_per\_cluster, best\_initialization, iters\_per\_initialization. a list with the following attributes: centroids, WCSS\_per\_cluster, best\_initialization, iters\_per\_initialization

#### Author(s)

Lampros Mouselimis and Yuwei Ni

#### References

Sculley. Web-Scale K-Means Clustering. WWW 2010, April 26–30, 2010, Raleigh, North Carolina, USA. ACM 978-1-60558-799-8/10/04.

https://github.com/mlampros/ClusterR

#### Examples

```
library(SummarizedExperiment)
se <- SummarizedExperiment(matrix(rnorm(100), ncol=10))
mbkmeans(se, clusters = 2)
library(SingleCellExperiment)
sce <- SingleCellExperiment(matrix(rnorm(100), ncol=10))
mbkmeans(sce, clusters = 2, reduceMethod = NA)
x<-matrix(rnorm(100), ncol=10)
mbkmeans(x,clusters = 3)</pre>
```

MbkmeansParam Mini-batch k-means clustering

## Description

Run the mini-batch k-means mbkmeans function with the specified number of centers within clusterRows from the bluster Bioconductor package.

#### Usage

```
MbkmeansParam(centers, ...)
```

#### Arguments

centers	An integer scalar specifying the number of centers. Alternatively, a function
	that takes the number of observations and returns the number of centers. Note,
	the mbkmeans function uses the argument clusters argument to represent this
	argument. However, we use centers to match
	Further arguments to pass to mbkmeans.

#### Details

This function is deprecated. Please use the MbkmeansParam function in the bluster Bioconductor package.

mini\_batch

## Mini\_batch

## Description

Mini-batch-k-means for matrix-like objects

## Usage

```
mini_batch(
    data,
    clusters,
    batch_size,
    max_iters,
    num_init = 1L,
    init_fraction = 1,
    initializer = "kmeans++",
    compute_labels = TRUE,
    calc_wcss = FALSE,
    early_stop_iter = 10L,
    verbose = FALSE,
    CENTROIDS = NULL,
    tol = 1e-04
)
```

## Arguments

numeric or integer matrix-like object.	
the number of clusters.	
the size of the mini batches.	
the maximum number of clustering iterations.	
number of times the algorithm will be run with different centroid seeds.	
percentage of data to use for the initialization centroids (applies if initializer is <i>kmeans</i> ++). Should be a float number between 0.0 and 1.0.	
the method of initialization. One of <i>kmeans++</i> and <i>random</i> . See details for more information.	
logical indicating whether to compute the final cluster labels.	
logical indicating whether the within-cluster sum of squares should be computed and returned (ignored if 'compute_labels = FALSE').	
early_stop_iter	
continue that many iterations after calculation of the best within-cluster-sum-of-squared-error.	
logical indicating whether progress is printed on screen.	

mini\_batch

CENTROIDS	an optional matrix of initial cluster centroids. The rows of the CENTROIDS
	matrix should be equal to the number of clusters and the columns should be
	equal to the columns of the data.
tol	convergence tolerance.

#### Details

This function performs k-means clustering using mini batches. It was inspired by the implementation in https://github.com/mlampros/ClusterR.

The input matrix can be in any format supported by the 'DelayedArray' / 'beachmat' framework, including the matrix classes defined in the 'Matrix' package and the 'HDFMatrix' class.

There are two possible initializations.

kmeans++: kmeans++ initialization.

random: random selection of data rows as initial centroids.

#### Value

a list with the following attributes:

centroids: the final centroids;

WCSS\_per\_cluster (optional): the final per-cluster WCSS.

best\_initialization: which initialization value led to the best WCSS solution;

iters\_per\_initialization: number of iterations per each initialization;

Clusters (optional): the final cluster labels.

#### References

Sculley, D., 2010, April. Web-scale k-means clustering. In Proceedings of the 19th international conference on World wide web (pp. 1177-1178). ACM.

Arthur, D. and Vassilvitskii, S., 2007, January. k-means++: The advantages of careful seeding. In Proceedings of the eighteenth annual ACM-SIAM symposium on Discrete algorithms (pp. 1027-1035). Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics.

#### Examples

data = matrix(1:30,nrow = 10)
mini\_batch(data, 2, 10, 10)

predict\_mini\_batch Predict\_mini\_batch

## Description

Prediction function for mini-batch k-means applied to matrix-like objects.

#### Usage

predict\_mini\_batch(data, CENTROIDS)

#### Arguments

data	matrix-like object containing numeric or integer data (obseravtions in rows, variables in columns).
CENTROIDS	a matrix of initial cluster centroids. The rows of the CENTROIDS matrix should be equal to the number of clusters and the columns should equal the columns of the data.

#### Details

This function takes the data and the output centroids and returns the clusters.

This implementation relies very heavily on the MiniBatchKmeans implementation. We provide the ability to work with other matrix-like objects other than base matrices (e.g, DelayedMatrix and HDF5Matrix) through the beachmat library.

#### Value

it returns a vector with the clusters.

#### Author(s)

Yuwei Ni

predict\_mini\_batch\_r Compute labels for mini-batch k-means

## Description

Given a data matrix and a centroid matrix, it assigns each data point to the closest centroid, using block processing.

#### Usage

```
predict_mini_batch_r(
   data,
   centroids,
   BPPARAM = BiocParallel::SerialParam(),
   ...
)
```

## Arguments

data	a matrix-like object with features in row and samples in columns.
centroids	a matrix with the coordinates of the centroids.
BPPARAM	for parallel computations. See the 'BiocParallel' package.
	passed to 'blockApply'.

#### Value

a vector of cluster labels for each observation.

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