# Package 'fenr'

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Title Fast functional enrichment for interactive applications

Version 1.0.5

**Description** Perform fast functional enrichment on feature lists (like genes or proteins) using the hypergeometric distribution. Tailored for speed, this package is ideal for interactive platforms such as Shiny. It supports the retrieval of functional data from sources like GO, KEGG, Reactome, Bioplanet and WikiPathways. By downloading and preparing data first, it allows for rapid successive tests on various feature selections without the need for repetitive, time-consuming preparatory steps typical of other packages.

URL https://github.com/bartongroup/fenr

BugReports https://github.com/bartongroup/fenr/issues

**Depends** R (>= 4.3.0)

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**Encoding** UTF-8

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# Description

This R package provides a fast and efficient method for functional enrichment analysis, optimized for speed and designed for use in interactive applications, such as \*Shiny\* apps.

To learn more about fenr, start with the vignette: vignette("fenr").

#### Value

Package fenr.

#### Author(s)

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# See Also

Useful links:

- https://github.com/bartongroup/fenr
- Report bugs at https://github.com/bartongroup/fenr/issues

enrichment\_interactive

Small Shiny app serving as example for fast enrichment

# **Description**

Small Shiny app serving as example for fast enrichment

#### Usage

```
enrichment_interactive(de, term_data)
```

#### **Arguments**

de Differential expression results, yeast\_de attached to this package can be used.

term\_data A list of fenr\_terms objects containing functional data for various ontologies.

fetch\_terms\_for\_example can be used to create this object.

#### Value

An interactive Shiny app

```
data(yeast_de)
term_data <- fetch_terms_for_example(yeast_de)
if(interactive()) {
  enrichment_interactive(yeast_de, term_data)
}</pre>
```

4 exmpl\_sel

exmpl\_all

Example set of background genes.

# Description

A set of gene names for proteins that could be detected in a typical proteomics experiment on yeast samples.

# Usage

```
data(exmpl_all)
```

#### **Format**

A character vector with 6985 elements.

# Value

A vector with background gene names.

exmpl\_sel

Example set of selected genes.

# Description

A set of gene names manually selected to illustrate functional enrichment.

# Usage

```
data(exmpl_sel)
```

#### **Format**

A character vector with 21 elements.

# Value

A vector with selected gene names.

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fetch\_bp

Get functional term data from BioPlanet

#### **Description**

Download term information (term ID and name) and gene-pathway mapping (NCBI gene ID, gene symbol and pathway ID) from BioPlanet.

# Usage

```
fetch_bp(use_cache = TRUE, on_error = c("stop", "warn"))
```

### **Arguments**

use\_cache

Logical, if TRUE, the remote file will be cached locally.

on\_error

A character vector specifying the error handling method. It can take values "stop" or "warn". The default is "stop" will halt the function execution and throw an error, while "warn" will issue a warning and return

'NULL'.

#### Value

A list with terms and mapping tibbles.

## **Examples**

```
bioplanet_data <- fetch_bp(on_error = "warn")</pre>
```

fetch\_go

Get Gene Ontology (GO) data

# Description

This function downloads term information (GO term ID and name) and gene-term mapping (gene ID, symbol, and GO term ID) from either the Ensembl database (using BioMart) or the Gene Ontology database (using GAF files), depending on the provided argument.

# Usage

```
fetch_go(
  species = NULL,
  mart = NULL,
  use_cache = TRUE,
  on_error = c("stop", "warn")
)
```

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### Arguments

species (Optional) Species designation. Examples are goa\_human for human, mgi for

mouse, or sgd for yeast. Full list of available species can be obtained using fetch\_go\_species - column designation. This argument is used when fetch-

ing data from the Gene Ontology database.

mart (Optional) Object class Mart representing connection to BioMart database, cre-

ated with, e.g., useEnsembl. This argument is used when fetching data from the

Ensembl database.

use\_cache Logical, if TRUE, the remote data will be cached locally.

on\_error A character vector specifying the error handling method. It can take values

"stop" or "warn". The default is "stop" will halt the function execution and throw an error, while "warn" will issue a warning and return

'NULL'.

#### **Details**

If species is provided, mapping from a Gene Ontology GAF file will be downloaded. GAF files contain more generic information than gene symbols. In this function, the third column of the GAF file (DB Object Symbol) is returned as gene\_symbol, but, depending on the species argument it can contain other entities, e.g. RNA or protein complex names. Similarly, the eleventh column of the GAF file (DB Object Synonym) is returned as gene\_synonym. It is up to the user to select the appropriate database.

Alternatively, if mart is provided, mapping will be downloaded from Ensembl database. It will gene symbol and Ensembl gene ID.

# Value

A list with terms and mapping tibbles.

```
# Fetch GO data from Ensembl
## Not run:
mart <- biomaRt::useEnsembl(biomart = "ensembl", dataset = "scerevisiae_gene_ensembl")
go_data_ensembl <- fetch_go(mart = mart, on_error = "warn")

## End(Not run)
# Fetch GO data from Gene Ontology
go_data_go <- fetch_go(species = "sgd", on_error = "warn")</pre>
```

fetch\_kegg 7

### **Description**

This function attempts to scrape HTML web page containing a table of available species and corresponding file names. If the structure of the page changes one day and the function stops working, go to <a href="http://current.geneontology.org/products/pages/downloads.html">http://current.geneontology.org/products/pages/downloads.html</a> and check file names. The species designation used in this package is the GAF file name without extension (e.g. for a file 'goa\_chicken.gaf' the designation is 'goa\_chicken').

#### Usage

```
fetch_go_species(on_error = c("stop", "warn"))
```

#### **Arguments**

on\_error

A character vector specifying the error handling method. It can take values "stop" or "warn". The default is "stop" will halt the function execution and throw an error, while "warn" will issue a warning and return 'NULL'.

#### Value

A tibble with columns species and designation.

### **Examples**

```
go_species <- fetch_go_species(on_error = "warn")</pre>
```

fetch\_kegg

Get functional term data from KEGG

### **Description**

Download information (pathway ID and name) and gene-pathway mapping (entrez gene ID, gene symbol and pathway ID) from KEGG. Gene symbols are extracted from gene descriptions. For some species (e.g. yeast), gene symbols are returned instead of entrez IDs and not in gene description.

# Usage

```
fetch_kegg(species, batch_size = 10, on_error = c("stop", "warn"))
```

## **Arguments**

species KEGG species code, for example "hsa" for human. The full list of available

KEGG species can be found by using fetch\_kegg\_species.

batch\_size Number of pathways sent to KEGG database in one query. The maximum al-

lowed is 10.

8 fetch\_kegg\_species

on\_error

A character vector specifying the error handling method. It can take values "stop" or "warn". The default is "stop" will halt the function execution and throw an error, while "warn" will issue a warning and return 'NULL'.

#### Value

A list with terms and mapping tibbles.

# **Examples**

```
kegg_data <- fetch_kegg("mge", on_error = "warn")</pre>
```

fetch\_kegg\_species

Find all species available from KEGG

# **Description**

Find all species available from KEGG

# Usage

```
fetch_kegg_species(on_error = c("stop", "warn"))
```

#### **Arguments**

on\_error

A character vector specifying the error handling method. It can take values "stop" or "warn". The default is "stop" will halt the function execution and throw an error, while "warn" will issue a warning and return 'NULL'.

#### Value

A tibble, in which column designation contains species designations used in function fetch\_kegg.

```
spe <- fetch_kegg_species(on_error = "warn")</pre>
```

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fetch\_reactome

Get functional term data from Reactome

#### **Description**

Download term information (pathway ID and name) and gene-pathway mapping (Ensembl gene ID or gene symbol and pathway ID) from Reactome.

#### Usage

```
fetch_reactome(
   species,
   source = c("ensembl", "api", "gene_association"),
   use_cache = TRUE,
   on_error = c("stop", "warn")
)
```

# Arguments

species Reactome species designation, for example "Homo sapiens" for human. Full list

of available species can be found using fetch\_reactome\_species().

source How to download the mapping. If 'ensembl' or 'gene\_association', one mapping

file provided by Reactome will be downloaded, if 'api', then Reactome API will

be used. See details.

use\_cache Logical, if TRUE, the remote file will be cached locally.

on\_error A character vector specifying the error handling method. It can take values

"stop" or "warn". The default is "stop". "stop" will halt the function execution and throw an error, while "warn" will issue a warning and return

'NULL'.

#### **Details**

Reactome makes mapping between Ensembl ID and pathway ID available in form of one down-loadable file. Also, a gene association file with mapping between UniProt accession number, gene symbol and Reactome term is available. If source = "ensembl" or source = "gene\_association" is set, one large file will be downloaded and parsed. If source = "api" is set, then Reactome APIs will be interrogated for each pathway available. This method is considerably slower, especially for large genomes. However, gene association file contains far fewer mappings than can be extracted using API.

# Value

A list with terms and mapping tibbles

```
reactome_data <- fetch_reactome("Saccharomyces cerevisiae", on_error = "warn")</pre>
```

fetch\_reactome\_species

List of available Reactome species

#### **Description**

List of available Reactome species

# Usage

```
fetch_reactome_species(on_error = c("stop", "warn"))
```

# Arguments

on\_error

A character vector specifying the error handling method. It can take values "stop" or "warn". The default is "stop" will halt the function execution and throw an error, while "warn" will issue a warning and return 'NULL'.

#### Value

A tibble with species names used by Reactome.

# **Examples**

```
re <- fetch_reactome_species(on_error = "warn")</pre>
```

```
fetch_terms_for_example
```

Create term data for interactive example

# **Description**

Create term data for interactive example

## Usage

```
fetch_terms_for_example(de)
```

# **Arguments**

de

Differential expression results, use yeast\_de data attached to this package.

#### Value

A list of objects containing functional terms for GO and Reactome.

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### **Examples**

```
data(yeast_de)
term_data <- fetch_terms_for_example(yeast_de)</pre>
```

fetch\_wiki

Get functional term data from WikiPathways

#### **Description**

Download term information (pathway ID and name) and gene-pathway mapping (gene symbol and pathway ID) from WikiPathways.

### Usage

```
fetch_wiki(
  species,
  databases = c("Ensembl", "Entrez Gene", "HGNC", "HGNC Accession number",
    "Uniprot-TrEMBL"),
  types = c("GeneProduct", "Protein", "Rna", "RNA"),
  on_error = c("stop", "warn")
)
```

#### **Arguments**

wikiPathways species designation, for example "Homo sapiens" for human. Full list of available species can be found using fetch\_wiki\_species().

A character vector with database names to pre-filter mapping data. See details. Full result will be returned if NULL.

A character vector with types of entities to pre-filter mapping data. See details. Full result will be returned if NULL.

On\_error

A character vector specifying the error handling method. It can take values "stop" or "warn". The default is "stop" will halt the function execution and throw an error, while "warn" will issue a warning and return 'NULL'.

#### **Details**

WikiPathways contain mapping between pathways and a variety of entities from various databases. Typically a gene symbol is returned in column text\_label and some sort of ID in column id, but this depends on the species and databases used. For gene/protein enrichment, these should be filtered to contain gene symbols only. This can be done by selecting a desired databases and types. The default values for parameters databases and types attempt to select information from generic databases, but there are organism-specific databases not included in the selection. We suggest to run this function with databases = NULL, types = NULL to see what types and databases are available before making selection.

#### Value

A list with terms and mapping tibbles.

## **Examples**

```
wiki_data <- fetch_wiki("Bacillus subtilis", on_error = "warn")</pre>
```

fetch\_wiki\_species

List of available WikiPathways species

# **Description**

List of available WikiPathways species

## Usage

```
fetch_wiki_species(on_error = c("stop", "warn"))
```

#### **Arguments**

on\_error

A character vector specifying the error handling method. It can take values "stop" or "warn". The default is "stop" will halt the function execution and throw an error, while "warn" will issue a warning and return 'NULL'.

#### Value

A character vector with species names used by WikiPathways.

# **Examples**

```
spec <- fetch_wiki_species(on_error = "warn")</pre>
```

functional\_enrichment Fast Functional Enrichment

# **Description**

Perform fast functional enrichment analysis based on the hypergeometric distribution. Designed for use in interactive applications.

# Usage

```
functional_enrichment(feat_all, feat_sel, term_data, feat2name = NULL)
```

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# Arguments

feat_all	A character vector with all feature identifiers, serving as the background for enrichment.
feat_sel	A character vector with feature identifiers in the selection.
term_data	An object of class fenr_terms, created by prepare_for_enrichment.
feat2name	An optional named list to convert feature IDs into feature names.

#### **Details**

This function carries out functional enrichment analysis on a selection of features (e.g., differentially expressed genes) using the hypergeometric probability distribution (Fisher's exact test). Features can be genes, proteins, etc. The term\_data object contains functional term information and feature-term mapping.

#### Value

A tibble with enrichment results, providing the following information for each term:

- N\_with number of features with this term among all features
- n\_with\_sel number of features with this term in the selection
- n\_expect expected number of features with this term in the selection, under the null hypothesis that terms are mapped to features randomly
- enrichment ratio of n\_with\_sel / n\_expect
- odds\_ratio odds ratio for enrichment; is infinite when all features with the given term are in the selection
- p\_value p-value from a single hypergeometric test
- p\_adjust p-value adjusted for multiple tests using the Benjamini-Hochberg approach

```
data(exmpl_all, exmpl_sel)
go <- fetch_go(species = "sgd")
go_terms <- prepare_for_enrichment(go$terms, go$mapping, exmpl_all, feature_name = "gene_symbol")
enr <- functional_enrichment(exmpl_all, exmpl_sel, go_terms)</pre>
```

14 get\_term\_features

# **Description**

Get terms annotating a given feature.

# Usage

```
get_feature_terms(term_data, feature_id)
```

#### **Arguments**

term\_data An object class fenr\_terms, created by prepare\_for\_enrichment.

feature\_id A string with a feature ID

#### Value

A character vector containing functional term IDs annotating given feature.

# **Examples**

```
go_data <- fetch_go(species = "sgd")
go_terms <- prepare_for_enrichment(go_data$terms, go_data$mapping, feature = "gene_symbol")
trms <- get_feature_terms(go_terms, "GEM1")</pre>
```

get\_term\_features

Get features annotated with a given term.

#### **Description**

Get features annotated with a given term.

# Usage

```
get_term_features(term_data, term_id)
```

# **Arguments**

term\_data An object class fenr\_terms, created by prepare\_for\_enrichment.

term\_id A string with a functional term ID.

# Value

A character vector containing feature IDs annotated with the term ID.

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#### **Examples**

```
go_data <- fetch_go(species = "sgd")
go_terms <- prepare_for_enrichment(go_data$terms, go_data$mapping, feature = "gene_symbol")
feats <- get_term_features(go_terms, "GO:0000001")</pre>
```

prepare\_for\_enrichment

Prepare Term Data for Enrichment Analysis

# **Description**

Process term data downloaded with the fetch\_\* functions, preparing it for fast enrichment analysis using functional\_enrichment.

## Usage

```
prepare_for_enrichment(
  terms,
  mapping,
  all_features = NULL,
  feature_name = "gene_id"
)
```

# Arguments

terms A tibble with at least two columns: term\_id and term\_name. This tibble con-

tains information about functional term names and descriptions.

mapping A tibble with at least two columns, containing the mapping between functional

terms and features. One column must be named term\_id, while the other column should have a name specified by the feature\_name argument. For example, if mapping contains columns term\_id, accession\_number, and gene\_symbol, setting feature\_name = "gene\_symbol" indicates that gene symbols will be

used for enrichment analysis.

all\_features A vector with all feature IDs used as the background for enrichment. If not

specified, all features found in mapping will be used, resulting in a larger object

size.

feature\_name The name of the column in the mapping tibble to be used as the feature identi-

fier. For example, if mapping contains columns term\_id, accession\_number, and gene\_symbol, setting feature\_name = "gene\_symbol" indicates that gene

symbols will be used for enrichment analysis.

#### **Details**

This function takes two tibbles containing functional term information (terms) and feature mapping (mapping), and converts them into an object required by functional\_enrichment for efficient analysis. Terms and mapping can be generated with the database access functions included in this package, such as fetch\_reactome or fetch\_go\_from\_go.

16 yeast\_de

# Value

An object of class fenr\_terms required by functional\_enrichment.

# **Examples**

yeast\_de

Differential expression results for yeast RNA-seq.

# Description

A subset of 6 + 6 replicates was selected from data set reported in https://doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/btv425

# Usage

```
data(yeast_de)
```

#### **Format**

A tibble with 5 columns

#### Value

Results for differential expression for yeast RNA-seq.

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