

# xmapcore installation instructions

Tim Yates

August 8, 2011

## Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Installation of the xmapcore database</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1	Pre-requisites . . . . .	1
1.2	Installation . . . . .	2
<b>2</b>	<b>Database configuration</b>	<b>2</b>
2.1	Setting up the configuration folder . . . . .	2
2.2	Setting up the databases.txt file . . . . .	3

## 1 Installation of the xmapcore database

The R package requires access to a MySQL database server running a current version of the X:Map Core Database. Database packs (complete with installation instructions) may be downloaded from <http://xmap.picr.man.ac.uk/download>.

### 1.1 Pre-requisites

The following are required for the X:Map Core Database installation:

- MySQL Server v5.0.27+
- 20GB+ Free disk space

## 1.2 Installation

### Important

**You do not need to pre-install Ensembl as you did before with the deprecated `exonmap` package**

First, you will need to download and unzip the `xmapcore` database for the species and version of Ensembl you are interested in studying. This can be downloaded from <http://xmap.picr.man.ac.uk/download>

You will then need to create the database for our data to go into. To do this, simply log in to your MySQL server, and execute the following command<sup>1</sup>:

```
create database xmapcore_homo_sapiens_56 ;
```

Then, we have prepared 2 installation scripts to import the `xmapcore` database into your chosen MySQL server. These can be found in the root folder of the database package you first downloaded.

- Windows `importdb.bat`
- OS X/Linux `importdb.sh`

To utilise these files, you will need to edit them to set your username, select your password preferences (no password, prompt for password, or hardcoded password), and set the hostname of the server mysql is running on. All of these settings can be found towards the top of the `installdb` script.

Once run, the script will import all of the data into your MySQL server (this will take a few hours, due to the amount of data).

## 2 Database configuration

### 2.1 Setting up the configuration folder

The `xmapcore` package requires a file called `databases.txt` to be placed inside a known folder. The package checks for this file in the following locations, and uses the first file it locates:

1. A location defined by the System Environment Variable `XMAPCORE_HOME`.

---

<sup>1</sup>This obviously assumes you are installing v56 of the `homo_sapiens` database. You'll need to replace the database name with the one you have downloaded.

2. A folder named `.xmapcore` inside the current user's home directory (On my OS X machine, this will be `/Users/tyates/.xmapcore/`)<sup>2</sup>.

## 2.2 Setting up the `databases.txt` file

The `databases.txt` file is a tab-delimited file in which each row defines a particular instance of an `xmapcore` database. The first row is always a list of tab-delimited column headings.

The columns; `port` and `password` may be left blank if you are using the default MySQL port (3306), or have a user account with no password required. Password can also be set to `<ASK>`, in which case, the system will ask you to enter your password before it connects to the server.

An example follows;

name	host	species	version	port	username	password
hs	localhost	homo_sapiens	56	4406	dbuser	dbpwd
mouse	anotherserver	mus_sapiens	56		userNoPwd	

This example file (when put in the correct location) would set up two databases: one called 'hs' pointing to a v56 Homo Sapiens database running on the local machine (on a different port to the default); and another running v56 Mus Musculus on 'anotherserver'.

When you run `xmap.connect()` inside R, you should see both these appearing in a list for you to select which database to attach to. Or you can skip the menu by entering the database of choice into the command as a parameter: `xmap.connect('mouse')`.

---

<sup>2</sup>If you are not sure where your home directory is, you can find out through R by typing `Sys.getenv("HOME")` into an R console.