# Package 'easyRNASeq'

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Title Count summarization and normalization for RNA-Seq data

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Type Package

<b>Description</b> Calculates the coverage of high-throughput short-reads against a genome of reference and summarizes it per feature of interest (e.g. exon, gene, transcript). The data can be normalized as 'RPKM' or by the 'DESeq' or 'edgeR' package.
Imports Biobase (>= 2.31.3), BiocGenerics (>= 0.17.2), BiocParallel (>= 1.5.1), biomaRt (>= 2.27.2), Biostrings (>= 2.39.3), DESeq (>= 1.23.0), edgeR (>= 3.13.4), GenomeInfoDb (>= 1.7.3), genomeIntervals (>= 1.27.0), GenomicAlignments (>= 1.7.3), GenomicRanges (>= 1.23.16), SummarizedExperiment (>= 1.1.11), graphics, IRanges (>= 2.5.27), LSD (>= 3.0), locfit, methods, parallel, Rsamtools (>= 1.23.1), S4Vectors (>= 0.9.38), ShortRead (>= 1.29.1), utils
Suggests BiocStyle (>= 1.9.2), BSgenome (>= 1.39.0), BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3 (>= 1.4.0), curl, GenomicFeatures (>= 1.23.15), knitr, rmarkdown, RnaSeqTutorial (>= 0.9.0), RUnit (>= 0.4.31)
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# Description

A class holding all the necessary parameters to retrieve the necessary annotation for processing an RNA-Seq experiment.

Class "AnnotParam"

# **Objects from the Class**

AnnotParam class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("AnnotParamCharacter", ...) or new("AnnotParamObject", ...) (both subject to API changes) or using the AnnotParam constructor (failsafe, prefered). The class AnnotParam in itself is virtual and hence cannot be instantiated.

## Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

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#### See Also

- RnaSeqParam
- RnaSeqParam constructor
- RnaSeqParam accessors
- simpleRNASeq function
- AnnotParam constructor

## **Examples**

```
showClass("AnnotParam")
```

BamParam class

Class "BamParam"

# Description

A class describing the parameters of a bam file issued from an RNA-Seq experiment.

## **Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("BamParam", ...) or using the BamParam constructor.

#### **Slots from the Class**

The BamParam class has the following slots:

- · paired
- stranded
- yieldSize

all of which can be accessed using the accordingly names accessor.

# Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

# See Also

- BamParam accessors
- RnaSeqParam
- RnaSeqParam constructor
- RnaSeqParam accessors
- simpleRNASeq function
- AnnotParam
- AnnotParam constructor

```
showClass("BamParam")
```

basename methods

Extend the basename function to display Rsamtools BamFile class basename

#### **Description**

Display the basename of the bam file represented by a BamFile object.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BamFile'
basename(path)
```

#### **Arguments**

path

an object of class BamFile or BamFileList

#### Methods

list("signature(object = \"BamFile\")") Display the basename of the bam file linked to by a
BamFile object.

# Description

This function create a set of synthetic transcripts from a provided annotation file in "gff3" or "gtf" format. As detailed in http://www.epigenesys.eu/en/protocols/bio-informatics/
1283-guidelines-for-rna-seq-data-analysis, one major caveat of estimating gene expression using aligned RNA-Seq reads is that a single read, which originated from a single mRNA molecule, might sometimes align to several features (e.g. transcripts or genes) with alignments of equivalent quality. This, for example, might happen as a result of gene duplication and the presence of repetitive or common domains. To avoid counting unique mRNA fragments multiple times, the stringent approach is to keep only uniquely mapping reads - being aware of potential consequences. Not only can "multiple counting" arise from a biological reason, but also from technical artifacts, introduced mostly by poorly formatted gff3/gtf annotation files. To avoid this, it is best practice to adopt a conservative approach by collapsing all existing transcripts of a single gene locus into a "synthetic" transcript containing every exon of that gene. In the case of overlapping exons, the longest genomic interval is kept, i.e. an artificial exon is created. This process results in a flattened transcript - a gene structure with a one (gene) to one (transcript) relationship.

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'AnnotParamCharacter'
createSyntheticTranscripts(obj,
  features = c("mRNA", "miRNA", "tRNA", "transcript"), verbose = TRUE)
## S4 method for signature 'character'
createSyntheticTranscripts(obj, features = c("mRNA",
  "miRNA", "tRNA", "transcript"), verbose = TRUE,
  output = c("Genome_intervals", "GRanges"), input = c("gff3", "gtf"))
```

## Arguments

obj	a AnnotParamCharacter object or the annotation filename as a character string
features	one or more of 'mRNA', 'miRNA', 'tRNA', 'transcript'
verbose	increase the verbosity (default TRUE)
output	the output type, one of 'Genome_intervals' or 'GRanges'
input	the type of input, one of 'gff3' or 'gtf'
	If obj is a character string, input and output - see below

#### **Details**

The createSyntheticTranscripts function implements this, taking advantage of the hierarchical structure of the gff3/gtf file. Exon features are related to their transcript (parent), which themselves derives from their gene parents. Using this relationship, exons are combined per gene into a flattened transcript structure. Note that this might not avoid multiple counting if genes overlap on opposing strands. There, only strand specific sequencing data has the power to disentangle these situations.

As gff3/gtf file can contain a large number of feature types, the createSyntheticTranscripts currently only supports: mRNA, miRNA, tRNA and transcript. Please contact me if you need additional features to be considered. Note however, that I will only add features that are part of the sequenceontology.org SOFA (SO\_Feature\_Annotation) ontology.

## Value

Depending on the obj class.

- AnnotParamCharacter: a AnnotParamObject object
- a character filename: depending on the selected output value, a Genome\_intervals or a GRanges object.

## Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

#### See Also

- For the input:
  - AnnotParam
- For the output:
  - AnnotParam
  - Genome\_intervals
  - GRanges

6 Deprecated functions

#### **Examples**

Defunct functions

*The following function are defunct:* 

- fetchAnnotation
- knownOrganisms
- plotDispersionEstimates, DGEList-method

# Description

• The plotDispersionEstimates,DGEList-method function is superseded by the plotBCV function as the **edgeR** DGEList object structure changed

- easyRNASeq
- fetchCoverage

## **Description**

- The easyRNASeq function is superseded by the simpleRNASeq function to consolidate and prune the overall package. The changes are based on user comments and on the general standardization occurring in the field.
- The fetchCoverage function only had two parameters deprecated as the consequence of the package consolidation. As the scanBam function is not called directly anymore but through higher level functions (from the GenomicRanges package), the 'what' and 'isUnmapped-Query' parameters were obsolete.

```
DESeq additional methods
```

Extension for the DESeq package

## **Description**

- multivariateConditions is simply an accessor for the multivariateConditions slot of a CountDataSet object
- plotDispLSD is a function similar to plotDispEsts that adds a density estimate as a colored heatmap from grey (few) to yellow (many).
- plotDispersionEstimates offers the functionality to plot the dispersion estimate as described in the **DESeq** vignette.

# Usage

```
multivariateConditions(obj)
plotDispLSD(obj, name = NULL, ymin,
linecol = "#00000080", xlab = "mean of normalized counts",
ylab = "dispersion", log = "xy", cex = 0.45, ...)
plotDispersionEstimates(obj,cond,log,...)
```

#### **Arguments**

obj	An object of class CountDataSet.
cex	The standard plot.default parameter.
cond	A character string describing the first condition.
linecol	Defines the line color.
log	A character string passed onto plot.default.
name	Argument passed to the <b>DESeq</b> fitInfo function.
xlab	The standard plot.default parameter.
ylab	The standard plot.default parameter.
ymin	A numeric value defining the lower limit for the y axis.
	Additional plotting parameters.

#### Value

- multivariateConditions returns a boolean describing whether the data to analyze is multivariate or not
- plotDispLSD and plotDispersionEstimates returns nothing

## Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme, Bastian Schiffthaler

#### See Also

```
CountDataSet plotDispEsts
```

```
## Not run:
# these are helper function for the DESeq package
# refer to its vignette first
cds <- newCountDataSet(countData,conditions)
cds <- estimateSizeFactors(cds)
cds <- estimateDispersions(cds)
mVar <- multivariateConditions(cds)
plotDispersionEstimates(cds,conditions[1])
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

easyRNASeq accessors Accessors for RNAseq class

## **Description**

These functions and generics define 'accessors' (to get and set values) for objects in the **easyR-NASeq** package.

## Usage

```
genomicAnnotation(obj)
readCounts(obj,count=c("exons","features","genes","islands","transcripts"),
summarization=c("bestExons","geneModels"),unique=FALSE)
genomicAnnotation(obj) <- value</pre>
```

## Arguments

obj An object derived from class RNAseq.

count The type of count you want to access, 'genes', 'features', 'exons', 'transcripts' or

'islands'

summarization If count is set to genes, precise the type of summarization, 'bestExons' or 'gen-

eModels'

unique For the 'exons' count only. Should the counts returned be unique for their iden-

tifier (i.e. the matrix row names)?

value The replacement value.

#### Value

Usually, the value of the corresponding slot, or other simple content described on the help page of easyRNASeq.

## Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

```
rnaSeq<-new("RNAseq")
##set organisme name of an RNAseq object
organismName(rnaSeq) <- "Dmelanogaster"
##get organisme name of an RNAseq object
orgName<-organismName(rnaSeq)</pre>
```

easyRNASeq annotation methods

Get genic annotation from a gff3/gtf file or using biomaRt

## **Description**

The annotation can be retrieved in two ways

- biomaRtUse biomaRt and Ensembl to get organism specific annotation.
- gff3/gtfUse a gff3 or gtf local annotation file.
- When using **biomaRt**, it is important that the organism argument to AnnotParam is set the prefix of one of the value available using the **biomaRt** listDatasets function, e.g. "Dmelanogaster".
- When reading from a gff3/gtf file, a version 3 formatted gff or a gtf (an Ensembl defined gff2 version) is expected. The function **genomeIntervals** readGff3 is used to import the data.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'AnnotParam'
getAnnotation(obj, verbose = FALSE, ...)
```

# **Arguments**

obj An object of class AnnotParam verbose a boolean to turn on verbosity

... See details

#### **Details**

... are for additional arguments, passed to the **biomaRt** getBM function or to the readGffGtf internal function that takes an optional arguments: annotation.type that default to "exon". This is used to select the proper rows of the gff or gtf file.

# Value

A GRanges containing the fetched annotations.

#### Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

```
## Not run:
library("RnaSeqTutorial")
  getAnnotation(
    AnnotParam(
        organism="Dmelanogaster",
        datasource=system.file(
        "extdata",
"Dmel-mRNA-exon-r5.52.gff3",
package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
    type="gff3"
    ))
## End(Not run)
```

easyRNASeq AnnotParam accessors

Accessors for AnnotParam class

# Description

These functions and generics define 'accessors' (to get and set values) for AnnotParam objects within the easyRNASeq package. Implemented are:

- · datasource
- type

## Usage

```
datasource(object)
## S4 method for signature 'AnnotParam'
type(x)
```

## **Arguments**

object An object derived from class AnnotParam.

x An object derived from class AnnotParam.

#### Value

The value of the corresponding slot.

# Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

## See Also

The AnnotParam class. The type and organism generics are imported from the BSgenome and Biostrings package, respectively.

```
easyRNASeq AnnotParam constructor

AnnotParam constructor
```

## **Description**

This constructs a AnnotParam object. The datasource parameter (see details) is mandatory, however other parameters, *i.e.* when the datasource is not a GRanges or RangedData default to "genes" and gff3", indicating that the datasource is in the gff3 format and that the contained information needs to be grouped by "genes". This representing the most common use case. Hence, it is left to the user to refine the parameters accordingly to the annotation he is providing or whishes to retrieve.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
AnnotParam(datasource = character(0), type = c("gff3",
   "biomaRt", "gtf", "rda"))
```

# Arguments

```
datasource a character or a RangedData or a GRanges object. See details.

type one of NULL, biomaRt, gff3, gtf or rda. Default to NULL. See details.
```

#### **Details**

Note that calling the constructor without argument fails, as the datasource is a mandatory parameter. Calling the constructor with additional (not all) parameters will affect the value of the selected parameters, leaving the other parameters unaffected. There are three parameters for an AnnotParam object:

- datasourceIf no type is provided, the datasource should be either a GRanges(prefered) or a RangedData (subject to future deprecation) object containing the genic information. These can be obtained using the getAnnotation function.
- typeOne of biomaRt, gff3, gtf or rda. The default is "gff3". In all cases, the datasource is a character describing:
  - For biomaRt, the name of the organism as known by the ensembl Mart, *e.g.* dmelanogaster or hsapiens.
  - For gff3, gtf or rda, the filename (including the full or relative path).

## See Also

- GRanges
- RangedData
- getAnnotation

# **Examples**

```
## create an object to retrieve annotation from biomaRt
annotParam <- AnnotParam(datasource="Hsapiens", type="biomaRt")

## get the datasource and type
datasource(annotParam)

type(annotParam)

## create an object to retrieve annotation from an rda object

## Not run:
library(RnaSeqTutorial)
annotParam <- AnnotParam(datasource=system.file(
    package="RnaSeqTutorial",
    "data", "gAnnot.rda"
), type="rda")

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

easyRNASeq BamParam accessors

Accessors for BamParam class

## **Description**

These functions and generics define 'accessors' (to get and set values) for BamParam objects within the **easyRNASeq** package.

## Usage

```
yieldSize(object,...)
paired(object)
stranded(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object An object derived from class BamParam.

... Additional parameter inherited from the Rsamtools package yieldSize function. Ignored here.

## Value

The value of the corresponding slot.

#### Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

#### See Also

The BamParam class The RnaSeqParam yieldSize accessor

#### **Examples**

```
bp <- BamParam()
## get the yieldSize Parameter
ysize <-yieldSize(bp)</pre>
```

easyRNASeq BamParam constructor

BamParam constructor

# Description

This constructs a BamParam object. The default parameters are derived from the currently most common RNA-Seq experimental use-case and are detailed below:

- paired is TRUE, i.e. paired-end sequencing is expected.
- stranded is FALSE *i.e.* stranded sequencing is not expected.
- yieldSize is set to 1,000,000. This is the amount of reads iteratively processed from the bam file stream. It is a compromise between speed, process-parallelization and memory usage.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
BamParam(paired = TRUE, stranded = FALSE,
    yieldSize = 1000000L)
```

## **Arguments**

paired TODO stranded TODO yieldSize TODO

#### **Details**

Calling the constructor without argument result in the default parameter described above to be returned. Calling the constructor with any parameter will affect the value of the selected parameters, leaving the other parameters unaffected.

```
## the defaults
BamParam()

## change the default
BamParam(paired=FALSE)
BamParam(stranded=TRUE, yieldSize=1L)
```

```
easyRNASeq correction methods
```

easyRNASeq count table correction to RPKM

# Description

Convert a count table obtained from the easyRNASeq function into an RPKM corrected count table.

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'matrix,ANY,vector,vector'
RPKM(obj, from = c("exons", "features",
   "transcripts", "bestExons", "geneModels", "islands"), lib.size = numeric(1),
   feature.size = integer(1), simplify = TRUE, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

obj	An object of class RNAseq or a matrix, see details
from	Determine the kind of coverage to use, choice limited to: exons, features, transcripts, bestExons, geneModels or islands.
lib.size	Precise the library size. It should be a named numeric list, i.e. named after the sample names.
feature.size	Precise the feature (e.g. exons, genes) sizes. It should be a named numeric list, named after the feature names.
simplify	If set to TRUE, whenever a feature (exon, feature,) is duplicated in the count table, it is only returned once.
	additional arguments. See details

#### **Details**

RPKM accepts two sets of arguments:

- RNAseq, character the . . . are additional arguments to be passed to the readCounts method.
- matrix,named vectornormalize a count matrix by providing the feature sizes (e.g. gene sizes) as a named vector where the names match the row names of the count matrix and the lib sizes as a named vector where the names match the column names of the count matrix.

## Value

A matrix containing RPKM corrected read counts.

#### Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

## See Also

 ${\tt readCounts}$ 

```
## Not run:
## get an RNAseq object
rnaSeq <- easyRNASeq(filesDirectory=</pre>
     system.file(
"extdata",
package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\.bam$",
format="bam",
readLength=36L,
organism="Dmelanogaster",
chr.sizes=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster)),
annotationMethod="rda",
annotationFile=system.file(
                             "data",
    "gAnnot.rda",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
count="exons",
outputFormat="RNAseq")
## get the RPKM
rpkm <- RPKM(rnaSeq,from="exons")</pre>
## the same from a count table
count.table <- readCounts(rnaSeq,count="exons")</pre>
## get the RPKM
## verify that the feature are sorted as the count.table
all(.getName(rnaSeq, "exon") == rownames(count.table))
feature.size <- unlist(width(ranges(rnaSeq)))</pre>
## verify that the samples are ordered in the same way
all(names(librarySize(rnaSeq)) == colnames(count.table))
## get the RPKM
rpkm <- RPKM(count.table,</pre>
feature.size=feature.size,
lib.size=librarySize(rnaSeq))
## End(Not run)
```

easyRNASeq coverage methods

Compute the coverage from a Short Read Alignment file

# Description

Computes the genomic reads' coverage from a read file in bam format or any format supported by **ShortRead**.

#### **Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'RNAseq'
fetchCoverage(obj, format = c("aln", "bam"),
  filename = character(1), filter = srFilter(), type = "SolexaExport",
  chr.sel = c(), validity.check = TRUE, chr.map = data.frame(),
  ignoreWarnings = FALSE, gapped = TRUE, paired = FALSE,
  stranded = FALSE, bp.coverage = FALSE, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

obj An RNAseq object

format The format of the reads, one of "aln", "bam". If not "bam", all the types supported

by the ShortRead package are supported too.

filename The full path of the file to use

filter The filter to be applied when loading the data using the "aln" format

type The type of data when using the "aln" format. See the **ShortRead** package.

chr.sel A vector of chromosome names to subset the final results. validity.check Shall UCSC chromosome name convention be enforced

chr.map A data frame describing the mapping of original chromosome names towards

wished chromosome names. See details.

ignoreWarnings set to TRUE (bad idea! they have a good reason to be there) if you do not want

warning messages.

gapped Is the bam file provided containing gapped alignments?

paired Is the bam file containing PE reads?

stranded Is the bam file from a strand specific protocol?

bp.coverage a boolean that default to FALSE to decide whether coverage is to be calculated

and stored by bp

... additional arguments. See details

#### **Details**

...for fetchCoverage: Can be used for readAligned method from package **ShortRead**. The use of the dots for the scanBamFlag method from package **Rsamtools** has been deprecated, as were the 'what' and 'isUnmappedQuery' argument to the function

#### Value

An RNAseq object. The slot readCoverage contains a SimpleRleList object representing a list of coverage vectors, one per chromosome.

#### Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

## See Also

Rle ShortRead:readAligned

```
## Not run:
library("RnaSeqTutorial")
library(BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3)
obj <- new('RNAseq',</pre>
organismName="Dmelanogaster",
readLength=36L,
chrSize=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster))
obj <- fetchCoverage(</pre>
obj,
format="bam",
                         filename=system.file(
"extdata",
"ACACTG.bam",
                               package="RnaSeqTutorial")
)
## End(Not run)
```

easyRNASeq defunct annotation methods

Defunct annotation function

# **Description**

The fetchAnnotation and knownOrganisms function are now defunct. The fetchAnnotation function has been replaced by the getAnnotation method.

## Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

easyRNASeq GenomicRanges package extension

Extension of the GenomicRanges package

# **Description**

Describes extensions to the GenomicRanges package. For GRanges and GRangesList objects:

- colnames returns the column name of a GRanges or GRangesList object.
- unsafeAppend appends two GAlignments object together bypassing most sanity checks. Faster than the standard c or append function.

#### Usage

```
colnames(x, do.NULL = TRUE, prefix = "col")
unsafeAppend(obj1,obj2)
```

## **Arguments**

X	An object of the GRanges or GRangesList class
do.NULL	see colnames for details
prefix	see colnames for details
obj1	A GAlignments object
obj2	A GAlignments object

#### **Details**

- colnames returns the actual column names of the elementMetadata slot of the GRanges or GRangesList object. The elementMetadata contains a DataFrame object used to store additional information provided by the user, such as exon ID in our case.
- unsafeAppend appends two GAlignments objects.

## Value

- colnames: A vector of column names.
- unsafeAppend: A GAlignments object

#### Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

## See Also

- DataFrame
- GRanges
- GRangesList
- GAlignments colnames

```
## an example of a GRangesList annotation
grngs <- as(gAnnot, "GRanges")

## accessing the colnames
colnames(grngs)

## creating a GRangesList
grngsList<-split(grngs, seqnames(grngs))

## accessing the colnames
colnames(grngsList)

## End(Not run)

## For unsafeAppend
library(GenomicAlignments)
unsafeAppend(GAlignments(), GAlignments())</pre>
```

easyRNASeq island methods

Identify expressed regions de-novo

## **Description**

Process the coverage to locate regions with a minimum coverage (min.cov). If regions are separated by a gap shorter than a maximum length (max.gap), they are unified. Only islands longer than min.length are returned. These functions are now outdated and would need to be actualized.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RNAseq'
findIslands(obj, max.gap = integer(1), min.cov = 1L,
    min.length = integer(1), plot = TRUE, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

obj	An object of class RNAseq
max.gap	Maximum gap between two peaks to build an island
min.cov	Minimum coverage for an island to be returned
min.length	Minimum size of an island to be returned
plot	If TRUE, draw plots of coverage distribution. Help the user to select an appropriate value for the minimum coverage.
	See details

# **Details**

... are for providing additional options to the hist plot function.

## Value

An RNAseq object with the readIsland slot set with a RangedData containing the selected islands and the readCount slot actualized with a list containing the count table per island.

#### Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
## NOTE that this function might need to be actualized
obj <- new('RNAseq',</pre>
organismName="Dmelanogaster",
readLength=36L,
chrSize=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster))
obj <- fetchCoverage(</pre>
obj,
format="bam",
                          filename=system.file(
"extdata",
"ACACTG.bam",
                               package="RnaSeqTutorial")
)
obj <- findIslands(</pre>
obj,
max.gap=10L,
min.cov=10L,
min.length=200L)
## End(Not run)
```

easyRNASeq package

Count summarization and normalization pipeline for Next Generation Sequencing data.

## **Description**

Offers functionalities to summarize read counts per feature of interest, e.g. exons, transcripts, genes, etc. Offers functionalities to normalize the summarized counts using 3rd party packages like DESeq or edgeR.

#### **Details**

Package: easyRNASeq
Type: Package
Version: 2.7.2
Date: 2015-12-18
License: Artistic-2.0
LazyLoad: yes

Depends: methods, parallel, Biobase, BiocGenerics, biomaRt, Biostrings, edgeR, DESeq, genomeIntervals, GenomeIn

Suggests: BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3

#### Methods

The main function easyRNASeq will summarize the counts per feature of interest, for as many samples as provided and will return a count matrix (N\*M) where N are the features and M the samples. This data can be corrected to **RPKM** in which case a matrix of corrected value is returned instead, with the same dimensions. Alternatively a RangedSummarizedExperiment can be returned and this is expected to be the default in the upcoming version of easyRNASeq (as of 1.5.x). If the necessary sample information are provided, the data can be normalized using either DESeq or edgeR and the corresponding package object returned. For more insider details, and step by step functions, see:

ShortRead methods for pre-processing the data. easyRNASeq annotation methods for getting the annotation. easyRNA

#### Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme, Bastian Schiffthaler, Ismael Padioleau

#### See Also

The class RNAseq specification: RNAseq

The default output class specification: RangedSummarizedExperiment

The imported packages: biomaRt BiocParallel edgeR genomeIntervals Biostrings BSgenome DESeq GenomicRanges IRanges Rsamtools ShortRead

The suggested packages: parallel GenomicFeatures

The following classes and functions that are made available from other packages:

- Classes BamFileList CountDataSet RangedData RangedSummarizedExperiment
- Functions/Methods DESeq estimate size factor and estimate dispersion functions

  The RangedSummarizedExperiment assay accessor The locfit function

  The BamFileList constructor The IRanges constructor The RangedData constructor

  For the SRFilterResult, chromosomeFilter, compose and nFilter methods

```
## Not run:
library("RnaSeqTutorial")
library(BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3)
## creating a count table from 4 bam files
count.table <- easyRNASeq(filesDirectory=</pre>
     system.file(
"extdata",
package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\.bam$",
format="bam",
readLength=36L,
organism="Dmelanogaster",
chr.sizes=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster)),
annotationMethod="rda",
annotationFile=system.file(
                             "data",
    "gAnnot.rda",
```

```
package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
count="exons")
## End(Not run)
```

```
easyRNASeq RnaSeqParam accessors  Accessors \ for \ RnaSeqParam \ class
```

# Description

These functions and generics define 'accessors' (to get and set values) for RnaSeqParam objects within the easyRNASeq package. Implemented are:

- annotParam
- bamParam
- countBy
- · datasource
- · paired
- precision
- stranded
- yieldSize

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RnaSeqParam'
yieldSize(object)
```

# Arguments

object

An object derived from class RnaSeqParam.

## Value

The value of the corresponding slot.

## Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

## See Also

- The AnnotParam class
- The BamParam class
- The RnaSeqParam class

The BamParam yieldSize accessor

```
easyRNASeq RnaSeqParam constructor {\it RnaSeqParam\ constructor}
```

#### **Description**

This constructs a RnaSeqParam object, that combines all the necessary parameters for the analysis of RNA-Seq data. As much as possible, these parameters are determined automa-gi/ti-cally. It describes three sets of parameters:

- parameters describing the annotation
- parameters describing the BAM files, i.e. the type of sequencing that was conducted.
- parameters describing how the counting should be done.

The first two are provided through sepcific objects: AnnotParam and BamParam respectively. The third one is a set constituted of:

- countBy: the feature per which the counts should be summarized (exon, transcript or gene. A forth possibility feature can be used to define arbitrary genomic loci)
- precision: the precision at which the counts should be performed: bp or reads. bp used to be the default in the easyRNASeq package, whereas now reads is, following the Bioconductor main stream development.

The default parameters for the BamParam parameter are derived from the currently most common RNA-Seq experimental use-case: strand-specific paired-end Illumina sequencing. See the respective manual pages of AnnotParam and BamParam for more details.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
RnaSeqParam(annotParam = AnnotParam(),
bamParam = BamParam(), countBy = c("exons", "features", "genes",
   "transcripts"), precision = c("read", "bp"))
```

#### **Arguments**

annotParam An object derived from class AnnotParam.

bamParam An object derived from class BamParam.

countBy TODO

precision A character value, either 'read' or 'bp' that defines the precision at which count-

ing is done, either per read or per covered bp. 'read' is the default.

#### **Examples**

easyRNASeq summarization methods

Count methods for RNAseq object

#### **Description**

Summarize the read counts per exon, feature, gene, transcript or island.

- exonCounts: for that summarization, reads are summarized per exons. An "exon" field is necessary in the annotation object for this to work. See easyRNASeq annotation methods for more details on the annotation object.
- featureCounts is similar to the 'exons' one. This is just a wrapper to summarize count for genomic features that are not exon related. I.e. one could use it to measure eRNAs. Again, a "feature" field is necessary in the annotation object for this to work.
- geneCounts sums the counts per either bestExons or geneModels. In either case, the annotation object needs to contain both an "exon" and a "gene" field.
- islandCounts sums the counts per computed islands.
- transcriptCounts sums the counts obtained by exons into their respective transcripts. Note that this often result in counting some reads several times. For this function to work you need both an "exon" and a "transcript" field in your annotation object. To avoid this, one could create transcript specific synthetic exons, i.e. features that would be unique to a transcript. To offer this possibility, transcripts count can be summarized from "features", in which case the annotation object need to have both the "feature" and "transcript" fields defined.

#### Usage

```
exonCounts(obj)
featureCounts(obj,
transcriptCounts(obj,from="exons")
geneCounts(obj,summarization=c("bestExons","geneModels"),...)
islandCounts(obj,force=FALSE,...)
```

## **Arguments**

obj An object derived from class RNAseq, can be a matrix for RPKM, see details

force For islandCount, force RNAseq to redo findIsland

from either "exons" or "features" can be used to summarize per transcript

summarization Method use for summarize genes

... See details

#### **Details**

... for

- geneCounts: additional options for the .geneModelSummarization
- islandCounts: additional options for findIslands

#### Value

A numeric vector containing count per exon, feature, gene or transcript.

#### Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

# See Also

 $easy RNAS eq \ annotation \ methods \ . gene Model Summarization \ find Islands$ 

```
## Not run:
## create an RNAseq object
## summarizing 4 bam files by exons
rnaSeq <- easyRNASeq(system.file(</pre>
                                   "extdata",
                                  package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
                      organism="Dmelanogaster",
                      chr.sizes=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster)),
                      readLength=36L,
                      annotation {\tt Method="rda"},
                      annotationFile=system.file(
                        "data",
                        "gAnnot.rda",
                        package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
                      format="bam",
                      count="exons",
                      pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\.bam$",
```

```
outputFormat="RNAseq")
## summing up the exons by transcript
rnaSeq <- transcriptCounts(rnaSeq)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
easyRNASeq, character-method easyRNASeq\ method
```

#### Description

This function is a wrapper around the more low level functionalities of the package. Is the easiest way to get a count matrix from a set of read files. It does the following:

- use ShortRead/Rsamtools methods for loading/pre-processing the data.
- fetch the annotations depending on the provided arguments
- get the reads coverage from the provided file(s)
- summarize the reads according to the selected summarization features
- optionally apply a data correction (i.e. generating RPKM).
- use edgeR methods for post-processing the data or
- use DESeq methods for post-processing the data (either of them being recommended over RPKM).

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
easyRNASeq(filesDirectory = getwd(),
    organism = character(1), chr.sizes = c("auto"), readLength = integer(1),
    annotationMethod = c("biomaRt", "env", "gff", "gtf", "rda"),
    annotationFile = character(1), annotationObject = RangedData(),
    format = c("bam", "aln"), gapped = FALSE, count = c("exons", "features",
    "genes", "islands", "transcripts"), outputFormat = c("matrix",
    "SummarizedExperiment", "DESeq", "edgeR", "RNAseq"), pattern = character(1),
    filenames = character(0), nbCore = 1, filter = srFilter(),
    type = "SolexaExport", chr.sel = c(), summarization = c("bestExons",
    "geneModels"), normalize = FALSE, max.gap = integer(1), min.cov = 1L,
    min.length = integer(1), plot = TRUE, conditions = c(),
    validity.check = TRUE, chr.map = data.frame(), ignoreWarnings = FALSE,
    silent = FALSE, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

filesDirectory The directory where the files to be used are located. Defaults to the current directory.

organism A character string describing the organism

chr.sizes A vector or a list containing the chromosomes' size of the selected organism or simply the string "auto". See details.

readLength The read length in bp

annotationMethod

The method to fetch the annotation, one of "biomaRt", "env", "gff", "gtf" or "rda". All methods but "biomaRt" and "env" require the annotationFile to be set. The "env" method requires the annotationObject to be set.

annotationFile The location (full path) of the annotation file annotationObject

A RangedData or GRangesList object containing the annotation.

format The format of the reads, one of "aln", "bam". If not "bam", all the types supported

by the ShortRead package are supported too. As of version 1.3.5, it defaults to

bam.

gapped Is the bam file provided containing gapped alignments?

count The feature used to summarize the reads. One of 'exons', 'features', 'genes', 'islands'

or 'transcripts'. See details.

outputFormat By default, easyRNASeq returns a matrix. If one of DESeq,edgeR,RNAseq, SummarizedExperiment

is provided then the respective object is returned.

pattern For easyRNASeq, the pattern of file to look for, e.g. "bam\$"

filenames The name, not the path, of the files to use

nbCore defines how many CPU core to use when computing the geneModels. Use the

default parallel library

filter The filter to be applied when loading the data using the "aln" format type The type of data when using the "aln" format. See the ShortRead library.

chr.sel A vector of chromosome names to subset the final results.

summarization A character defining which method to use when summarizing reads by genes.

So far, only "geneModels" is available.

normalize A boolean to convert the returned counts in RPKM. Valid when the outputFormat

is left undefined (i.e. when a matrix is returned) and when it is DESeq or edgeR. Note that it is not advised to normalize the data prior DESeq or edgeR usage!

max.gap When computing read islands, the maximal gap size allowed between two is-

lands to merge them

min.cov When computing read islands, the minimal coverage to take into account for

calling an island

min.length The minimal size an island should have to be kept

plot Whether or not to plot assessment graphs.

conditions A vector of descriptor, each sample must have a descriptor if you use outputFor-

mat DESeq or edgeR. The size of this list must be equal to the number of sample. In addition the vector should be named with the filename of the corresponding

samples.

validity.check Shall UCSC chromosome name convention be enforced? This is only supported

for a set of organisms, which are Dmelanogaster, Hsapiens, Mmusculus and Rnorvegicus; otherwise the argument 'chr.map' can be used to complement it.

chr.map A data.frame describing the mapping of original chromosome names towards

wished chromosome names. See details.

ignoreWarnings set to TRUE (bad idea! they have a good reason to be there) if you do not want

warning messages.

silent set to TRUE if you do not want messages to be printed out.

... additional arguments. See details

#### **Details**

- ... Additional arguments for different functions:
  - For the biomaRt getBM function
  - For the readGffGtf internal function that takes an optional arguments: annotation.type that default to "exon" (used to select the proper rows of the gff or gtf file)
  - For the DESeq estimateDispersions method
  - For to the list.files function used to locate the read files.
- the annotationObject When the annotationMethods is set to env or rda, a properly formatted RangedData or GRangesList object need to be provided. Check the paragraph RangedData in the vignette or the examples at the bottom of this page for examples. The data.frame-like structure of these objects is where easyRNASeq will look for the exon, feature, transcript, or gene identifier. Depending on the count method selected, it is essential that the akin column name is present in the annotationObject. E.g. when counting "features", the annotationObject has to contain a "feature" field.
- the chr.map The chr.map argument for the easyRNASeq function only works for an "organism-Name" of value 'custom' with the "validity.check" parameter set to 'TRUE'. This data.frame should contain two columns named 'from' and 'to'. The row should represent the chromosome name in your original data and the wished name in the output of the function.
- count The count can be summarized by exons, features, genes, islands or transcripts. While exons, genes and transcripts are obvious, "features" describes any features provided by the user, e.g. enhancer loci. These are processed as the exons are. For "islands", it is for an under development function that identifies de-novo expression loci and count the number of reads overlapping them.
- chr.sizes If set to "auto", then the format has to be "bam", in which case the chromosome names and size are extracted from the BAM header

## Value

Returns a count table (a matrix of m features x n samples). If the outputFormat option has been set, a corresponding object is returned: a RangedSummarizedExperiment, a DESeq:newCountDataset, a edgeR:DGEList or RNAseq.

#### Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

## See Also

 $RNA seq\,RangedSummarizedExperiment\,edgeR:DGEList\,DESeq:newCountDataset\,ShortRead:readAligned\,Read:ReadSummarizedExperiment\,Read:ReadSummarizedExperiment\,Read:ReadSummarizedExperiment\,ReadSummari$ 

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```
pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\.bam$",
format="bam",
readLength=36L,
organism="Dmelanogaster",
chr.sizes=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster)),
annotation Method="rda",
annotationFile=system.file(
                               "data".
    "gAnnot.rda",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
count="exons")
## an example of a chr.map
chr.map <- data.frame(from=c("2L","2R","MT"),to=c("chr2L","chr2R","chrMT"))</pre>
## an example of a RangedData annotation
gAnnot <- RangedData(</pre>
                       IRanges(
                                start=c(10,30,100),
                               end=c(21,53,123)),
                            space=c("chr01","chr01","chr02"),
                            strand=c("+","+","-"),
                            transcript=c("trA1","trA2","trB"),
                            gene=c("gA","gA","gB"),
exon=c("e1","e2","e3"),
                            universe = "Hs19"
## an example of a GRangesList annotation
grngs <- as(gAnnot,"GRanges")</pre>
grngsList<-split(grngs, seqnames(grngs))</pre>
## End(Not run)
```

easyRNASeq-datasets

Dataset included in the package

## **Description**

The package contains a dataset from the Robinson, Delhomme et al., 2014 publication.

• RobinsonDelhomme2014a normalised expression count table. This dataset was generated from 17 *Populus tremula* - Eurasian aspen - trees used to assess the sexual dimorphism of this dioecious species. This count matrix has been generating following published pre-processing guidelines - see <a href="http://www.epigenesys.eu/en/protocols/bio-informatics/1283-guidelines-for-rna-and-and-the-resulting HTSeq">http://www.epigenesys.eu/en/protocols/bio-informatics/1283-guidelines-for-rna-and-and-the-resulting HTSeq files have been collated and the obtained raw count matrix submitted to a variance stabilising transformation. Subsequently, the values have been transformed so that the minimal vst values - that corresponds to an absence of expression - is 0. Hence the counts in the matrix are library-size normalized, variance stabilised expression values, with a minimal value of 0.

```
edgeR additional methods
```

Extension for the edgeR package

## **Description**

This method extends the edgeR package by offering the functionality to plot the effect of the normalization factor.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'DGEList, character, character'
plotNormalizationFactors(obj = DGEList(),
  cond1 = character(1), cond2 = character(1))
```

## **Arguments**

obj An object of class DGEList

cond1 A character string describing the first condition

cond2 A character string describing the second condition

#### Value

none

#### Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

```
## Not run:
## create the object
dgeList <- DGEList(counts,group)
## calculate the sie factors
dgeList <- calcNormFactors(dgeList)
## plot them
apply(combn(rownames(dgeList$samples),2),
2,
function(co,obj){plotNormalizationFactors(obj,co[1],co[2])},dgeList)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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file.exists methods

Extend the file.exists function to check the path slot of a Rsamtools BamFile class for existence

## **Description**

Check if the bam file represented by a BamFile object exists.

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BamFile'
file.exists(...)
```

# Arguments

```
... a BamFile object
```

#### Methods

list("signature(object = \"BamFile\")") Checkk if the bam file linked to by a BamFile object
 exists.

```
genomeIntervals additional methods
```

Extension for the genomeIntervals package

## **Description**

**type** Another way to access the content of the gff type column.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Genome_intervals'
type(x)
```

# **Arguments**

Х

An object of class Genome\_intervals

## Value

type The content of the type column, usually a factor or a character vector

## Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

#### See Also

- genomeIntervals object
- readGff3 function

32 getBamFileList

#### **Examples**

getBamFileList

Get a BamFileList from a list of filenames

#### **Description**

A utility function to create a linkS4class{BamFileList-class}BamFileList object from a set of filenames. The filenames need to contain the file path if they are not in the working directory.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
getBamFileList(filenames = character(0))
```

#### **Arguments**

filenames

a character vector containing fully defined filenames

#### Value

```
a linkS4class{BamFileList-class}BamFileList
```

#### See Also

linkS4class{BamFileList-class}BamFileList dir

IRanges additional methods

Extension of the IRanges package

# Description

Return the ranges of the genomic annotation.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RNAseq'
ranges(x)
```

#### **Arguments**

Х

An object of the RNAseq class

#### **Details**

It retrieves the object stored in the genomicAnnotation slot of the RNAseq object and apply the ranges function on it. The object retrieved can be of the RangedData or GRangesList class.

## Value

An IRangesList object, where the split is performed by seqnames (e.g. chromosomes).

#### Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

```
))
ranges(obj)
## End(Not run)
```

```
parallel additional methods parallel \ additional \ methods
```

## **Description**

Functions defined in the easyRNASeq package that enhance the parallel package.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'list,`function`'
parallelize(obj = list(), fun = NULL,
    nnodes = 1, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

obj the object which processing has to be parallelizes

fun the function to be applied in parallel

nnodes the number of nodes to use

... additional arguments passed to the function fun

## Details

The parallelize function ease the use of the parallel package. If the number of nodes provided by the user is 1, then a simple 'lapply' is used, otherwise a cluster object is created and the object dispatched for parallelization.

#### Value

the result of the clusterApply function.

## Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

#### See Also

```
clusterApply makePSOCKcluster stopCluster
```

```
parallelize(list(a<-c(1,2),b<-c(2,1)),sum,nnodes=1)
```

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nrint	methods
DITIL	IIIC CHOUS

Pretty print the content of classes from the easyRNASeq package.

## **Description**

Print information about a RNAseq, AnnotParam, BamParam or RnaSeqParam object.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RNAseq'
print(x, verbose = FALSE, ...)
```

# **Arguments**

x An object from class RNAseq, AnnotParam, BamParam or RnaSeqParam

verbose A logical to have a verbose or not output. Default to FALSE For object of the

RNAseq class only.

... Additional arguments, currently unused.

#### Value

Print information about the provided object.

## Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

RNAseq	class
MASEU	CIASS

Class "RNAseq"

# Description

A class holding all the necessary information and annotation to summarize couts (number of reads) per features (i.e. exons or transcripts or genes) for RNA-Seq experiments.

## **Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("RNAseq", ...).

# Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

36 RnaSeqParam class

#### See Also

- RangedData
- RleList
- easyRNASeq function
- RNAseq accessors
- easyRNASeq annotation methods
- easyRNASeg correction methods
- easyRNASeq coverage methods
- easyRNASeq summarization methods
- print

#### **Examples**

```
showClass("RNAseq")
```

RnaSeqParam class

Class "RnaSeqParam"

# Description

A class holding all the necessary parameters to process a bam file issued from an RNA-Seq experiment together with the related annotation to compute a count-table using the simpleRNASeq function. The precision slot is used to determine the count unit:

- readsdefault. The standard GenomicAlignments summarizeOverlaps function is used to extract the read counts
- bpThe easyRNASeq summarization functions are used to extract the read covered bp counts

# **Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("RnaSeqParam", ...) or using the RnaSeqParam constructor.

# Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

#### See Also

- RnaSeqParam constructor
- RnaSeqParam accessors
- simpleRNASeq function
- AnnotParam
- AnnotParam constructor

- BamParam
- BamParam constructor
- summarizeOverlaps
- easyRNASeq summarization functions

# **Examples**

```
showClass("RnaSeqParam")
```

ShortRead additional methods

Methods extending the ShortRead package functionalities

# Description

These are functions extending the ShortRead packages capabilities:

# Usage

```
demultiplex(obj,barcodes=c(),barcodes.qty=12,barcode.length=6,
edition.dist=2,type=c("independant","within"),index.only=FALSE,mc.cores=1L)
barcodePlot(obj,barcodes=c(),type=c("independant","within"),
barcode.length=6,show.barcode=20,...)
chastityFilter(.name="Illumina Chastity Filter")
naPositionFilter(.name="NA Position Filter")
```

# **Arguments**

show.barcode

~	,	
	obj	An object derived from class AlignedRead
	barcodes	A character vector describing the multiplex (i.e. barcode) sequences used in the experiment.
	barcodes.qty	An integer describing the number of barcodes
	${\tt barcode.length}$	An integer describing the barcode length in bp
	edition.dist	The maximal edition distance (i.e. the number of changes to apply), to accept an incorrectly sequenced barcode.
	type	The type of barcode used. independent represents barcodes generated by the illumina protocol; i.e. a separate additional sequencing step performed once the first mate has been sequenced. within represents barcodes that are part of the sequenced reads as established by Lefrancois P et al., BMC Genomics, 2009
	index.only	simply return the index and not the barcode themselves.
	mc.cores	A parameter ultimately passed to srdistance to enable parallel processing on mc.cores. On linux and Mac only, windows task remain serially processed.
	.name	An internal string describing the filter

An integer specifying how many barcodes should be displayed in the final out-

... additional graphic parameters

#### **Details**

- barcodePlot Creates a plot showing the barcode distribution of a multiplexed sequencing library.
- chastityFilter Creates a SRFilter instance that filters SolexaExport read according to the chastity filtering value.
- demultiplex Split a single AlignedRead object into a list of AlignedRead objects according to the barcodes provided by the user. It supports multicore processing but has a default serial behaviour.
- naPositionFilter Creates a SRFilter instance that filters SolexaExport read having an NA position.

When demultiplexing, the function if provided with just the AlignedRead will try to find out how many barcodes were used and what they are. This is unwise to do as many barcodes will get wrongly sequenced and not always the most frequent ones are the one you used! It's therefore strongly advised to specify the barcodes' sequences that were used.

#### Value

- barcodePlot returns invisibly the barcode frequencies.
- chastityFilter returns a SRFilter instance.
- demultiplex returns a list of AlignedRead objects.
- naPositionFilter returns a SRFilter instance.

#### Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

# See Also

 ${\tt SRFilter\,AlignedRead}$ 

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
## the barcode
barcodes=c("ACACTG","ACTAGC","ATGGCT","TTGCGA")
## the multiplexed data
alns <- readAligned(</pre>
                     system.file(
                                 "extdata",
                                 package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
                     pattern="multiplex_export",
                     filter=compose(
                       chastityFilter(),
                       nFilter(2),
                       chromosomeFilter(regex="chr")),
                     type="SolexaExport",
                     withAll=TRUE)
## barcode plot
barcodePlot(alns,
```

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```
barcodes=barcodes,
            type="within",
            barcode.length=6,
            show.barcode=20,
            main="All samples",
            xlim=c(0,0.5))
## demultiplexing
dem.alns <- demultiplex(alns,</pre>
                         barcodes=barcodes,
                         edition.dist=2,
                         barcodes.qty=4,
                         type="within")
## plotting again
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
barcode.frequencies <- lapply(</pre>
                               names(dem.alns$barcodes),
                               function(barcode,alns){
                                 barcodePlot(
                                              alns$barcodes[[barcode]],
                                              barcodes=barcode,
                                              type="within", barcode.length=6,
                                              show.barcode=20,
                                              main=paste(
                                                "Expected barcode:",
                                                barcode))
                               },dem.alns)
## End(Not run)
```

show methods

Display the content of classes from the easyRNASeq package.

# **Description**

Display the content of a RNAseq, AnnotParam, BamParam or RnaSeqParam object.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RNAseq'
show(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object

An object of the AnnotParam, BamParam, RnaSeqParam or RNAseq class

#### Methods

Annot/Bam/RnaSeqParam The respective object settings.

# **Description**

This function is a wrapper around the more low level functionalities of the package. It is the simplest way to get a RangedSummarizedExperiment object from a set of bam files. RangedSummarizedExperiment are containers meant to hold any Next-Generation Sequencing experiment results and metadata. The simpleRNASeq method replaces the easyRNASeq function to simplify the usability. It does the following:

- use GenomicAlignments for reading/pre-processing the BAM files.
- get the annotations depending on the selected parameters
- calculate the coverage from the provided file(s)
- summarizes the read counts according to the selected summarization
- returns a RangedSummarizedExperiment object.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BamFileList,RnaSeqParam'
simpleRNASeq(bamFiles = BamFileList(),
   param = RnaSeqParam(), nnodes = 1, verbose = TRUE, override = FALSE)
```

#### **Arguments**

bamFiles a BamFileList object

param RnaSeqParam a RnaSeqParam object that describes the RNA-Seq experimental

setup.

nnodes The number of CPU cores to use in parallel verbose a logical to be report progress or not.

override Should the provided parameters override the detected ones

## Value

returns a RangedSummarizedExperiment object.

# Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

#### See Also

- For the input:
  - AnnotParam
  - BamParam
  - RnaSeqParam
- For the output: RangedSummarizedExperiment
- For related functions:
  - BamFile
  - BamFileList getBamFileList

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
  ## the data
  library("RnaSeqTutorial")
  ## get the BamFileList
  bamFiles <- getBamFileList(</pre>
            dir(path=system.file("extdata",
                package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
                pattern="^[A,T].*\\.bam$",
                 full.names=TRUE))
  ## create the AnnotParam
  annotParam <- AnnotParam(system.file(</pre>
                    "extdata",
                    "Dmel-mRNA-exon-r5.52.gff3",
                    package="RnaSeqTutorial"))
  ## create the RnaSeqParam
  rnaSeqParam <- RnaSeqParam(annotParam=annotParam)</pre>
  ## get a RangedSummarizedExperiment containing the counts table
  sexp <- simpleRNASeq(</pre>
    bamFiles=bamFiles,
    param=rnaSeqParam,
    verbose=TRUE
  )
  ## get the counts
  assay(sexp)$exons
## End(Not run)
```

validate, BamFile-method

Extension of the Rsamtools package

# Description

Describes extensions to the Rsamtools package.

- For BamFile and BamFileList objects:
  - validate validates a BamFile or BamFileList object.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BamFile'
validate(obj, header = TRUE, cross.validation = TRUE)
```

42 validate,BamFile-method

# **Arguments**

obj An object of the BamFile or BamFileList class
header a boolean to (de)activate the check for a BAM header
cross.validation
a boolean - only valid for BamFileList objects - to (de)activate the cross validation of all the BAM files header

#### **Details**

validate checks whether the BAM file exists and if a BAI index is present.

#### Value

validate returns invisibly a vector of boolean. Fails anyway if any file is missing.

# Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

# See Also

- BamFile
- BamFileList

# **Examples**

# **Index**

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