Package 'GCSConnection'

October 27, 2021

Type Package
Title Creating R Connection with Google Cloud Storage
Version 1.6.0
Description Create R 'connection' objects to google cloud storage buckets using the Google REST interface. Both read and write connections are supported. The package also provides functions to view and manage files on Google Cloud.
License GPL (>= 2)
Depends R (>= $4.0.0$)
Imports Rcpp (>= 1.0.2), httr, googleAuthR, googleCloudStorageR, methods, jsonlite, utils
Suggests testthat, knitr, rmarkdown, BiocStyle
biocViews Infrastructure
LinkingTo Rcpp
RoxygenNote 7.1.1
Encoding UTF-8
VignetteBuilder knitr
git_url https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/GCSConnection
git_branch RELEASE_3_14
git_last_commit 21952ee
git_last_commit_date 2021-10-26
Date/Publication 2021-10-27
Author Jiefei Wang [cre]
Maintainer Jiefei Wang <szwjf08@gmail.com></szwjf08@gmail.com>
R topics documented:
as.character,FileClass-method

	FileClass-class	3
	FolderClass-class	3
	gcs_cloud_auth	4
	gcs_connection	5
	gcs_cp	7
	gcs_dir	8
	gcs_rm	9
	gcs_set_billing_project	10
	gcs_set_read_buff	11
	names,FileClass-method	11
	names,FolderClass-method	13
	show,FileClass-method	14
	show,FolderClass-method	15
	\$,FileClass-method	15
	\$,FolderClass-method	16
Index		17

 $as.character, \verb+FileClass-method+$

Convert a FileClass object to a google URI

Description

Convert a FileClass object to a google URI

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'FileClass' as.character(x, \dots)
```

Arguments

x FileClass object

... not used

Value

google URI

as.character,FolderClass-method

Convert A FolderClass object to a dummy google URI

Description

Convert A FolderClass object to a dummy google URI, this URI does not exist on google, it can only be used in 'gcs_cp'.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'FolderClass'
as.character(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x FolderClass object

... not used

Value

google URI

FileClass-class

File class

Description

The properties of file class object can be accessed via '\$' and '[[' operators. The symbol '..' can be used to go to the parent folder of a file class object.

FolderClass-class

Folder class

Description

View and access files. You can change the current directory by '\$' and '[[' operators. The symbol '...' can be used to go to the parent folder of a folder object.

gcs_cloud_auth

gcs_cloud_auth Google credentials

Description

Authenticate with Google Cloud Storage. You can download the JSON credential file from Google Gloud Platform. The package will search for the credentials from evironment variables 'GOOGLE_APPLICATION_CREDE or 'GCS_AUTH_FILE' when it is loaded in R. If both variables are not set, the package will try to get your credentials from 'gcloud' program. If it fails to find 'gcloud', you will use anonymous credentials. To redo the credentials initialization process after the package is loaded. Simply call the 'gcs_cloud_auth' function with no argument.

Usage

```
gcs_cloud_auth(json_file, gcloud = FALSE, email = NULL, billing_project = NULL)
gcs_get_cloud_auth()
## S3 method for class 'auth'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

json_file	character(1). A JSON file that can be used to authenticate with Google Cloud Storage. If the value is 'NULL', the current credential will be erased.			
gcloud	logical. Whether use gcloud to authenticate with Google Cloud Storage. If the value is 'TRUE', the parameter 'json_file' will be ignored. See details.			
email	character(1) or NULL. For geloud only. Account to get the access token for. If not specified, the current active account in geloud will be used.			
billing_project				
	character(1) or NULL. The project's ID which the charges will be sent to. If the value is not NULL, it will overwrite the default setting. See details.			
X	Used for the S3 'print' function only			
	Used for the S3 'print' function only			

Details

Obtaining credentials

When the package is loaded, it first searches the credential file from the environment variable 'GOOGLE_APPLICATION_CR' If the credentials is not found, the environment variable 'GCS_AUTH_FILE' will be used intead. If both variables are not specified. Users need to specify the credentials by calling 'gcs_cloud_auth' function.

The function also works with Google Cloud SDK. If you have initialized the SDK and set up your google account, the credentials can be obtained via 'gcs_cloud_auth(gcloud = TRUE)'.

```
**Billing project**
```

gcs_connection 5

Some buckets have enabled Requester Pays, which means users are responsible for the charges associated with the data access. In this case, you must have a billing project for receiving the bills. By default, if you are using a service account to authenticate with Google Cloud, the billing project will be set to the project associated with the service account. If you are using Google Cloud SDK, the billing project will be the default project in 'gcloud'. You can also manually set the billing project via 'gcs_set_billing_project'.

Value

```
gcs_cloud_auth: No return value
gcs_get_cloud_auth: An S3 'auth' class containing credentials information
```

See Also

requester_pays

Examples

```
## Default authentication process
gcs_cloud_auth()
## Show the credentials
gcs_get_cloud_auth()

## Anonymous credential
gcs_cloud_auth(NULL)
gcs_get_cloud_auth()

## Use gcloud to do the authentication
if(GCSConnection:::exists_gcloud()){
    gcs_cloud_auth(gcloud = TRUE)
    gcs_get_cloud_auth()
}
```

gcs_connection

Connection to google cloud storage

Description

This function creates an R connection to a file on google cloud storage. A service account credentials is required for accessing private data, the credentials can be set via 'gcs_cloud_auth'. If the bucket requires Requester Pays, a billing project needs to be set in 'gcs_set_billing_project'.

Usage

```
gcs_connection(
  description,
  open = "rb",
  encoding = getOption("encoding"),
```

6 gcs_connection

```
bucket = NULL,
billing_project = gcs_get_requester_pays()
)
```

Arguments

description A google uri to the file that you want to connect to or a FileClass object returned

by 'gcs_dir'. If the value is a path(e.g. "folder1/folder2/myfile") and the argument 'bucket' is missing, it will be treated as a google uri without the common header 'gs://'. If the argument 'bucket' is not missing, the value in 'description'

will be treated as a relative path.

open character(1). A description of how to open the connection. See details for pos-

sible values. the default is "rb".

encoding character(1). The encoding of the input/output stream of a connection. Cur-

rently the parameter 'encoding' should be either 'native.enc' or 'UTF8'. see

'?connections' for more detail.

bucket character(1). The name of the bucket that the file is located in. If a google uri to

the file is provided in 'description', this parameter will be ignored.

billing_project

logical(1) or character(1). If logical, whether users should pay the cost for accessing the data. The billing project is the project ID in 'gcs_get_billing_project()'.

If character, it represents the project ID that will be charged by Google.

Details

Possible values for the argument 'open' are the combination of the following characters:

"r" or "w": read or write mode. The GCS connection cannot be in both read and write modes.

"t" or "b": text or binary mode. If not specified, the default is text mode.

Value

A connection

```
## Open for reading the public Landsat data # on google cloud
## storage in text mode

f <- "gs://genomics-public-data/NA12878.chr20.sample.DeepVariant-0.7.2.vcf"
con <- gcs_connection(description = f, open = "rt")
readLines(con, n = 4L)
close(con)</pre>
```

gcs_cp 7

gcs_cp

copy files to and from buckets

Description

The function supports moving files or folders from bucket to bucket, disk to bucket and bucket to disk. Note that the existing destination file will be overwritten.

Usage

```
gcs_cp(from, to, recursive = TRUE, billing_project = gcs_get_requester_pays())
```

Arguments

from, to

the character path to a bucket/folder/file or a FolderClass/FileClass object returned by 'gcs_dir'. At least one path must be a google URI. It is recommended to explicitly add a trailing "/" if the parameter is a path to a folder.

recursive

logical(1). Whether to recursively copy the files in the subfolders.

billing_project

logical(1) or character(1). If logical, whether users should pay the cost for accessing the data. The billing project is the project ID in 'gcs_get_billing_project()'. If character, it represents the project ID that will be charged by Google.

Value

No return value

```
tmp_path <- tempdir()

## Download a file to a disk
gcs_cp("gs://genomics-public-data/NA12878.chr20.sample.bam", tmp_path)

## Check the file existance
file.exists(file.path(tmp_path, "NA12878.chr20.sample.bam"))

## Download all files in a path.

## The files in the subfolders will not be copied due to `recursive = FALSE`
folder_path <- file.path(tmp_path, "example")
gcs_cp("gs://genomics-public-data/", folder_path, recursive = FALSE)

## Check the file existance
list.files(folder_path)</pre>
```

8 gcs_dir

gcs_dir	List bucket/folder/object

Description

list objects in a bucket/folder or get the description of a file. You can change the current direction via '[[' or '\$' operator. '..' can be used to go to the parent folder. For reducing the number of request sent to the network, it is recommended to add a trailing slash if the path is a folder.

Usage

```
gcs_dir(path, delimiter = TRUE, billing_project = gcs_get_requester_pays())
```

Arguments

path The character path to a bucket/folder/file or a FolderClass/FileClass object re-

turned by 'gcs_dir'.

delimiter Logical(1), whether to use '/' as a path delimiter. If not, the path will be treated

as the path to a file even when it ends with '/'

billing_project

logical(1) or character(1). If logical, whether users should pay the cost for accessing the data. The billing project is the project ID in 'gcs_get_billing_project()'.

If character, it represents the project ID that will be charged by Google.

Value

'FolderClass' object or a 'FileClass' object

```
## List files in a bucket
## Equivalent: gcs_dir(path = "gs://genomics-public-data/")
gcs_dir(path = "genomics-public-data/")

## List files in a folder
gcs_dir(path = "genomics-public-data/clinvar/")

## List the information of a file
gcs_dir(path = "genomics-public-data/clinvar/README.txt")
```

gcs_rm 9

gcs_rm

Delete a file or a directory

Description

Delete a file or a directory. The path to a directory *must* have a tailing slash so that the function can distinguish it from a file path.

Usage

```
gcs_rm(path, billing_project = gcs_get_requester_pays(), quiet = FALSE)
```

Arguments

path

The character path to a bucket/folder/file or a FolderClass/FileClass object re-

turned by 'gcs_dir'.

billing_project

logical(1) or character(1). If logical, whether users should pay the cost for accessing the data. The billing project is the project ID in 'gcs_get_billing_project()'.

If character, it represents the project ID that will be charged by Google.

quiet

Whether to require the user's confirmation before deleting a directory.

Value

No return value.

```
## remove the entire content in a bucket
## gcs_rm("myBucket")

## remove a folder in a bucket
## gcs_rm("myBucket/myFolder/")

## remove a file in a bucket
## gcs_rm("myBucket/myFolder/myFile")
```

Description

These functions allow you to set billing project, change the default billing target and check if a bucket has Requester Pays enabled. See the details section in '?authentication' for more information

Usage

```
gcs_set_billing_project(billing_project = NULL, gcloud = FALSE)
gcs_get_billing_project()
gcs_get_requester_pays()
gcs_set_requester_pays(x)
gcs_is_requester_pays(bucket)
```

Arguments

billing_project

The project's ID which the bill will be sent to.

gcloud logical(1), whether to use the default billing project in gcloud. If 'gcloud =

TRUE', 'billing_project' must be NULL.

x logical(1), whether the user should pay for the cost by default.

bucket character(1), the bucket name or uri

Value

```
gcs_get_billing_project: character(1) or NULL gcs_get_requester_pays: logical(1)
```

```
gcs_get_billing_project()
gcs_get_requester_pays()
```

gcs_set_read_buff 11

gcs_set_read_buff

Get/Set read/write connection buffer size

Description

Get/Set read/write connection buffer size, the buffer size can be set at any time but only takes effect on the connections created after the change. The default value is 1024 *1024 bytes (1 Mega bytes) for both read and write connections.

Usage

```
gcs_set_read_buff(buff_size = 1024L * 1024L)
gcs_set_write_buff(buff_size = 1024L * 1024L)
gcs_get_read_buff()
gcs_get_write_buff()
```

Arguments

buff_size

Integer. The buffer size

Value

Get functions: the current buffer size. Set functions: the previous buffer size.

Examples

```
gcs_get_read_buff()
gcs_get_write_buff()
```

```
names, FileClass-method
```

The Names of an Object

Description

Functions to get or set the names of an object.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'FileClass'
names(x)
```

12 names,FileClass-method

Arguments

x an R object.

Details

names is a generic accessor function, and names<- is a generic replacement function. The default methods get and set the "names" attribute of a vector (including a list) or pairlist.

For an environment env, names(env) gives the names of the corresponding list, i.e., names(as.list(env,all.names = TRUE)) which are also given by ls(env,all.names = TRUE, sorted = FALSE). If the environment is used as a hash table, names(env) are its "keys".

If value is shorter than x, it is extended by character NAs to the length of x.

It is possible to update just part of the names attribute via the general rules: see the examples. This works because the expression there is evaluated as z < -n mames (z, "[<-"(names(z), 3, "c2"))).

The name "" is special: it is used to indicate that there is no name associated with an element of a (atomic or generic) vector. Subscripting by "" will match nothing (not even elements which have no name).

A name can be character NA, but such a name will never be matched and is likely to lead to confusion. Both are primitive functions.

Value

For names, NULL or a character vector of the same length as x. (NULL is given if the object has no names, including for objects of types which cannot have names.) For an environment, the length is the number of objects in the environment but the order of the names is arbitrary.

For names<-, the updated object. (Note that the value of names(x) <-value is that of the assignment, value, not the return value from the left-hand side.)

References

Becker, R. A., Chambers, J. M. and Wilks, A. R. (1988) *The New S Language*. Wadsworth & Brooks/Cole.

See Also

slotNames, dimnames.

```
# print the names attribute of the islands data set
names(islands)

# remove the names attribute
names(islands) <- NULL
islands
rm(islands) # remove the copy made

z <- list(a = 1, b = "c", c = 1:3)
names(z)</pre>
```

```
# change just the name of the third element.
names(z)[3] <- "c2"

z <- 1:3
names(z)
## assign just one name
names(z)[2] <- "b"
z</pre>
```

names, FolderClass-method

The Names of an Object

Description

Functions to get or set the names of an object.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'FolderClass'
names(x)
```

Arguments

X

an R object.

Details

names is a generic accessor function, and names<- is a generic replacement function. The default methods get and set the "names" attribute of a vector (including a list) or pairlist.

For an environment env, names(env) gives the names of the corresponding list, i.e., names(as.list(env,all.names = TRUE)) which are also given by ls(env,all.names = TRUE, sorted = FALSE). If the environment is used as a hash table, names(env) are its "keys".

If value is shorter than x, it is extended by character NAs to the length of x.

It is possible to update just part of the names attribute via the general rules: see the examples. This works because the expression there is evaluated as z < "names < "(z, "[< "(names(z), 3, "c2"))).

The name "" is special: it is used to indicate that there is no name associated with an element of a (atomic or generic) vector. Subscripting by "" will match nothing (not even elements which have no name).

A name can be character NA, but such a name will never be matched and is likely to lead to confusion.

Both are primitive functions.

14 show,FileClass-method

Value

For names, NULL or a character vector of the same length as x. (NULL is given if the object has no names, including for objects of types which cannot have names.) For an environment, the length is the number of objects in the environment but the order of the names is arbitrary.

For names<-, the updated object. (Note that the value of names(x) <-value is that of the assignment, value, not the return value from the left-hand side.)

References

Becker, R. A., Chambers, J. M. and Wilks, A. R. (1988) *The New S Language*. Wadsworth & Brooks/Cole.

See Also

slotNames, dimnames.

Examples

```
# print the names attribute of the islands data set
names(islands)

# remove the names attribute
names(islands) <- NULL
islands
rm(islands) # remove the copy made

z <- list(a = 1, b = "c", c = 1:3)
names(z)
# change just the name of the third element.
names(z)[3] <- "c2"
z

z <- 1:3
names(z)
## assign just one name
names(z)[2] <- "b"
z</pre>
```

show, FileClass-method Print object of class 'FileClass'

Description

Print object of class 'FileClass'

show,FolderClass-method 15

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'FileClass'
show(object)
```

Arguments

object

an object of class 'FileClass'

Value

Invisible 'Object'

show, FolderClass-method

Print object of class 'FolderClass'

Description

Print object of class 'FolderClass'

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'FolderClass'
show(object)
```

Arguments

object

an object of class 'FolderClass'

Value

invisible NULL

\$,FileClass-method

Get an element from 'FileClass' object

Description

Get an element from 'FileClass' object

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'FileClass'
x$name

## S4 method for signature 'FileClass'
x[[i, exact = TRUE]]
```

16 \$,FolderClass-method

Arguments

x an object of class 'FileClass'

name, i character(1), the name of the element

exact Logical(1), Controls possible partial matching of '[[' when extracting by a char-

acter(1)

Value

A 'FolderClass' object or a 'FileClass' object

```
$,FolderClass-method Get an element from 'FolderClass' object
```

Description

Get an element from 'FolderClass' object

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'FolderClass'
x$name
## S4 method for signature 'FolderClass'
x[[i, exact = TRUE]]
```

Arguments

x an object of class 'FolderClass'

name, i character(1), the name of the element

exact Logical(1), Controls possible partial matching of '[[' when extracting by a char-

acter(1)

Value

A 'FolderClass' object or a 'FileClass' object

Index

```
.FileClass (FileClass-class), 3
                                               1s, 12, 13
.FolderClass (FolderClass-class), 3
                                               names, FileClass-method, 11
[[,FileClass-method
                                               names, FolderClass-method, 13
        ($,FileClass-method), 15
[[,FolderClass-method
                                               primitive, 12, 13
        ($,FolderClass-method), 16
                                               print.auth(gcs_cloud_auth), 4
$,FileClass-method, 15
$,FolderClass-method, 16
                                                show, FileClass-method, 14
                                                show, FolderClass-method, 15
as.character,FileClass-method, 2
                                                slotNames, 12, 14
as.character,FolderClass-method, 3
dimnames, 12, 14
environment, 12, 13
FileClass-class, 3
FolderClass-class, 3
gcs_cloud_auth, 4
gcs_connection, 5
gcs_cp, 7
gcs_dir, 8
gcs_get_billing_project
        (gcs_set_billing_project), 10
gcs_get_cloud_auth (gcs_cloud_auth), 4
gcs_get_read_buff (gcs_set_read_buff),
gcs_get_requester_pays
        (gcs_set_billing_project), 10
gcs_get_write_buff(gcs_set_read_buff),
        11
gcs_is_requester_pays
        (gcs_set_billing_project), 10
gcs_rm, 9
gcs_set_billing_project, 10
gcs_set_read_buff, 11
gcs_set_requester_pays
        (gcs_set_billing_project), 10
gcs_set_write_buff (gcs_set_read_buff),
        11
```