## Package 'CHETAH'

June 6, 2021

Title Fast and accurate scRNA-seq cell type identification

Type Package Version 1.9.0 Date 10-03-2019

**Description** CHETAH (CHaracterization of cEll Types Aided by Hierarchical classification) is an accurate calculus and fact as PNA and classifier.

curate, selective and fast scRNA-seq classifier.

Classification is guided by a reference dataset,

preferentially also a scRNA-

seq dataset. By hierarchical clustering of the reference data, CHETAH creates

a classification tree that enables a step-wise, top-to-

bottom classification. Using a novel stopping rule,

CHETAH classifies the input cells to the cell types of the references and to `intermedi-

ate types": more general

classifications that ended in an intermediate node of the tree.

Imports gplots, shiny, plotly, pheatmap, bioDist, dendextend, cowplot,

corrplot, grDevices, stats, graphics, reshape2, S4Vectors,

SummarizedExperiment

**Depends** R (>= 3.6), ggplot2, SingleCellExperiment

License file LICENSE

**Encoding UTF-8** 

biocViews Classification, RNASeq, SingleCell, Clustering

RoxygenNote 6.1.1

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, Matrix, testthat, vdiffr

VignetteBuilder knitr

LazyData true

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CHETAHclassifier

Identification of cell types aided by hierarchical clustering

#### **Description**

CHETAH classifies an input dataset by comparing it to a reference dataset in a stepwise, top-to-bottom fashion. See 'details' for a full explanation. *NOTE: We recommend to use all the default parameters* 

```
CHETAHclassifier(input, ref_cells = NULL, ref_profiles = NULL, ref_ct = "celltypes", input_c = NA, ref_c = NA, thresh = 0.1, gs_method = c("fc", "wilcox"), cor_method = c("spearman", "kendall", "pearson", "cosine"), clust_method = c("average", "single", "complete", "ward.D2", "ward.D", "mcquitty", "median", "centroid"), clust_dist = bioDist::spearman.dist, n_genes = 200, pc_thresh = 0.2, p_thresh = 0.05, fc_thresh = 1.5, subsample = FALSE, fix_ngenes = TRUE, plot.tree = FALSE, only_pos = FALSE, print_steps = FALSE)
```

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#### **Arguments**

input **required**: an input SingleCellExperiment. (see: Bioconductor, and the vignette browseVignettes("CHETAH")) ref cells **required**: A reference SingleCellExperiment, with the cell types in the "celltypes" colData (or otherwise defined in ref\_ct. optional In case of bulk-RNA seq or micro-arrays, an expression matrix with one ref\_profiles (average) reference expression profile per cell type in the columns. ('ref\_cells' must be left empty) ref\_ct the colData of ref\_cells where the cell types are stored. the name of the assay of the input to use. NA (default) will use the first one. input\_c ref\_c same as input\_c, but for the reference. thresh the initial confidence threshold, which can be changed after running by Classify) method for gene selection. In every node of the tree: "fc" = quick method: eigs\_method ther a fixed number (n\_genes) of genes is selected with the highest fold-change (default), or genes are selected that have a fold-change higher than fc\_thresh (the latter is used when fix\_ngenes = FALSE). "wilcox": genes are selected based on fold-change (fc\_thresh), percentage of expression (pc\_thresh) and p-values (p\_thresh), p-values are found by the wilcox test. the correlation measure: one of: "spearman" (default), "kendall", "pearson", cor\_method "cosine" clust\_method the method used for clustering the reference profiles. One of the methods from hclust a distance measure, default: spearman.dist clust\_dist The number of genes used in every step. Only used if fix\_ngenes = TRUE n\_genes when: gs\_method = "wilcox", only genes are selected for which more than a pc\_thresh pc\_tresh fraction of a reference group of cells express that gene when:  $gs\_method = "wilcox"$ , only genes are selected that have a p-value < p\_thresh p\_thresh fc\_thresh when: gs method = "wilcox" or gs method = "fc" AND fix ngenes = FALSE, only genes are selected that have a log2 fld-change > fc\_thresh between two reference groups. if this mode is selected, the reference must be in the log2 space. to prevent reference types with a lot of cells to influence the gene selection, subsample subsample types with more that subsample cells when:  $gs\_method = "fc"$  use a fixed number of genes for all correlations. when: fix\_ngenes gs\_method = "wilcox" use a maximum of genes per step. When fix\_ngenes = FALSE & gs\_methode = "fc" fc\_thresh is used to define the fold-change cutoff for gene selection. Plot the classification tree. plot.tree not recommended: only use genes for a reference type that are higher expressed only\_pos in that type, than the others in that node. whether the number of genes (postive and negative) per step per ref\_cell\_type print\_steps

should be printed

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#### **Details**

CHETAH will hierarchically cluster reference data to produce a classification tree (ct). In each node of the ct, CHETAH will assign each input cell to on of the two branches, based on gene selections, correlations and calculation of profile and confidence scores. The assignment will only performed if the confidence score for such an assignment is higher than the Confidence Threshold. If this is not the case, classification for the cell will stop in the current node. Some input cells will reach the leaf nodes of the ct (the pre-defined cell types), these classifications are called **final types** For other cells, assignment will stop in a node. These classifications are called **intermediate types**.

#### Value

A SingleCellExperiment with added: - input\$celltype\_CHETAH a named character vector that can directly be used in any other workflow/method. - "hidden" 'int\_colData' and 'int\_metadata', not meant for direct interaction, but which can all be viewed and interacted with using: 'PlotCHETAH' and 'CHETAHshiny' A list containing the following objects is added to input\$int metadata\$CHETAH

- classification a named vector: the classified types with the corresponding names of the input cells
- tree the helust object of the classification tree
- nodetypes A list with the cell types under each node
- nodecoor the coordinates of the nodes of the classification tree
- **genes** A list per node, containing a list per reference type with the genes used for the profile scores of that type
- parameters The parameters used

A nested DataFrame is added to input\$int\_colData\$CHETAH. It holds 3 top-levels DataFrames

- prof\_scores A list with the profile scores
- conf\_scores A list with the confidence scores
- correlations A list with the correlations of the input cells to the reference profiles

#### **Examples**

```
## Melanoma data from Tirosh et al. (2016) Science
input_mel
## Head-Neck data from Puram et al. (2017) Cancer Cell
headneck_ref
input_mel <- CHETAHclassifier(input = input_mel, ref_cells = headneck_ref)</pre>
```

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#### **Description**

Launch a web page to interactively go trough the classification

#### Usage

```
CHETAHshiny(input, redD = NA, input_c = NA)
```

## Arguments

input a SingleCellExperiment on which CHETAHclassifier has been run

redD the name of the reducedDim of the input to use for plotting

input\_c the name of the assay of the input to use. NA (default) will use the first one.

#### Value

Opens a web page in your default browser

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
CHETAHshiny(input = input_mel)
## End(Not run)
```

Classify

 $(Re) classify \ after \ running \ \ {\it CHETAHclassifier} \ \ using \ \ a \ \ confidence$ 

threshold

NOTE: In case of bulk reference profiles: only the correlations will be used, as the data does not allow for profile or confidence scores to be calculated.

## **Description**

(Re)classify after running CHETAHclassifier using a confidence threshold NOTE: In case of bulk reference profiles: only the correlations will be used, as the data does not allow for profile or confidence scores to be calculated.

```
Classify(input, thresh = 0.1, return_clas = FALSE)
```

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#### **Arguments**

input a SingleCellExperiment on which CHETAHclassifier has been run

thresh a confidence threshold between -0 and 2.

Selecting 0 will classify all cells, whereas 2 will result in (almost) no cells to be

classified.

recommended: between 0.1 (fairly confident) and 1 (very confident)

Instead of returning the SingleCellExperiment, only return the classification vecreturn\_clas

#### Value

a charachter vector of the cell types with the names of the cells

#### **Examples**

```
## Classify all cells
input_mel <- Classify(input_mel, 0)</pre>
## Classify only cells with a very high confidence
input_mel <- Classify(input_mel, 1)</pre>
## Back to the default
input_mel <- Classify(input_mel)</pre>
## Return only the classification vector
input_mel <- Classify(input_mel, 1, return_clas = TRUE)</pre>
```

ClassifyReference

Use a reference dataset to classify itself. A good reference should have almost no mixture between reference cells.

### **Description**

Use a reference dataset to classify itself. A good reference should have almost no mixture between reference cells.

#### **Usage**

```
ClassifyReference(ref_cells, ref_ct = "celltypes", ref_c = "counts",
  return = FALSE, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

ret_cells	the reference, similar to CHETAHClassifier's ref_cells
ref_ct	the colData of ref_cells where the cell types are stored.
ref_c	same as input_c, but for the reference.
return	return the matrix that was used to produce the plot

Other variables to pass to CHETAHclassifier

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#### Value

A square plot. The rows are the original cell types, the columns the classifion labels. The colors and sizes of the squares indicate which part of the cells of the rowname type are classified to the type of the column name. On the left of the plot, the percentage of cells that is classified to an intermediate type is plotted. A good reference would classify nearly 100

#### **Examples**

```
ClassifyReference(ref_cells = headneck_ref)
```

CorrelateReference

Correlate all reference profiles to each other using differentially expressed genes.

## Description

Correlate all reference profiles to each other using differentially expressed genes.

#### Usage

```
CorrelateReference(ref_cells = NULL, ref_profiles = NULL,
  ref_ct = "celltypes", ref_c = NA, return = FALSE, n_genes = 200,
  fix_ngenes = TRUE, print_steps = FALSE, only_pos = FALSE)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
the reference, similar to CHETAHclassifier's ref_cells
ref_cells
                 similar to CHETAHclassifier's ref_profiles
ref_profiles
ref_ct
                 the colData of ref_cells where the cell types are stored.
ref_c
                 the assay of ref_cells to use
                 return the matrix that was used to produce the plot
return
                 as in CHETAHclassifier
n_genes
                 as in CHETAHclassifier
fix_ngenes
                 as in CHETAHclassifier
print_steps
                 as in CHETAHclassifier
only_pos
```

### Value

A square plot. The values show how much two reference profiles correlate, when using the genes with the highest fold-change.

#### **Examples**

```
CorrelateReference(ref_cells = headneck_ref)
```

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headneck_ref	A SingleCellExperiment with celltypes in the "celltypes" colData. A
	subset of the Head-Neck data from Puram et al. (2017) Cancer Cell.

## Description

A SingleCellExperiment with celltypes in the "celltypes" colData. A subset of the Head-Neck data from Puram et al. (2017) Cancer Cell.

#### Usage

headneck\_ref

#### **Format**

A list of expression matrices. Each object is named as the cell type of the cells in that matrix. Each matrix has the cell (names) in the colums and the genes in the rows.

#### **Source**

for the original data: GEO

#### References

Puram et al. (2017) Cancer Cell 171:1611-1624

input\_mel

A SingleCellExperiment on which CHEATHclassifier is run using the headneck\_ref It holds subset of the Melanoma data, from Tirosh et al. (2016), Science.

## Description

A SingleCellExperiment on which CHEATHclassifier is run using the headneck\_ref It holds subset of the Melanoma data, from Tirosh et al. (2016), Science.

### Usage

input\_mel

#### **Format**

This is a SingleCellExperiment

#### Source

for the original data: GEO

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#### References

Tirosh et al. (2016) Science 6282:189-196

PlotCHETAH	Plot the CHETAH classification on 2D visulization like t-SNE + the
	corresponding classification tree, colored with the same colors

#### **Description**

Plot the CHETAH classification on 2D visulization like t-SNE + the corresponding classification tree, colored with the same colors

#### Usage

```
PlotCHETAH(input, redD = NA, interm = FALSE, return = FALSE,
  tree = TRUE, pt.size = 1, return_col = FALSE, col = NULL)
```

## **Arguments**

a SingleCellExperiment on which CHETAHclassifier has been run input redD the name of the reducedDim of the input to use for plotting interm color the intermediate instead of the final types return the plot instead of printing it return plot the tree, along with the classification tree pt.size the point-size of the classication plot return\_col whether the colors that are used for the classification plot should be returned col custom colors for the cell types. the colors should be named with the corre-

#### Value

a ggplot object

#### **Examples**

```
## Standard plot (final types colored)
PlotCHETAH(input = input_mel)

## Intermediate types colored
PlotCHETAH(input = input_mel, interm = TRUE)

## Plot only the t-SNE plot
PlotCHETAH(input = input_mel, tree = FALSE)
```

sponding cell types

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PlotTree Plots the chetah classification tree with nodes numbered
---

## Description

Plots the chetah classification tree with nodes numbered

## Usage

```
PlotTree(input, col = NULL, col_nodes = NULL, return = FALSE,
  no_bgc = FALSE, plot_limits = c(-0.4, 0.1), labelsize = 6)
```

## Arguments

input	a SingleCellExperiment on which CHETAHclassifier has been run
col	a vector of colors, with the names of the reference cell types
col_nodes	a vector of colors, ordered for node 1 till the last node
return	instead of printing, return the ggplot object
no_bgc	remove the background color from the node numbers
plot_limits	define the Decreasing the former further is usefull when the labels are cut of the plot (default = $c(-0.25, 01)$ ).
labelsize	the size of the intermediate and leaf node labels (default = 6)

#### Value

A ggplot object of the classification tree

#### **Examples**

```
PlotTree(input = input_mel)
```

PlotTSNE	Plots a variable on a t-SNE	

## Description

Plots a variable on a t-SNE

```
PlotTSNE(toplot, input, redD = NA, col = NULL, return = FALSE,
  limits = NULL, pt.size = 1, shiny = NULL, y_limits = NULL,
  x_limits = NULL, legend_label = "")
```

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## **Arguments**

toplot	the variable that should be plotted. Either a character vector or a factor, or a (continuous) numeric. If toplot is not named with the rownames of redD, it is assumed that the order of the two is the same.
input	a SingleCellExperiment on which CHETAHclassifier has been run
redD	the name of the reducedDim of the input to use for plotting
col	a vector of colors. If toplot is a numeric, this will become a continuous scale. If toplot is a charachter vector, the colors should be named with the unique values (/levels) of toplot
return	instead of printing, return the ggplot object
limits	the limits of the continuous variable to plot. When not provided the minimal and maximal value will be used
pt.size	the point-size
shiny	Needed for the shiny application: should always be NULL
y_limits	the y-axis limits
x_limits	the x-axis limits, if NULL
legend_label	the label of the legend

#### Value

A ggplot object

## **Examples**

```
CD8 <- assay(input_mel)['CD8A', ]
PlotTSNE(toplot = CD8, input = input_mel)</pre>
```

RenameBelowNode	In the CHETAH classification, replace the name of a Node and all the
	names of the final and intermediate types under that Node.

## Description

In the CHETAH classification, replace the name of a Node and all the names of the final and intermediate types under that Node.

```
RenameBelowNode(input, whichnode, replacement, nodes_exclude = NULL,
  types_exclude = NULL, node_only = FALSE, return_clas = FALSE)
```

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## **Arguments**

input a SingleCellExperiment on which CHETAHclassifier has been run

whichnode the number of the Node

replacement a character vector that replaces the names under the selected Node nodes\_exclude optional the names of the types that should **NOT** be replaced

types\_exclude optional numbers of the Nodes under the selected Node, that should NOT be

replaced

node\_only only rename the Node itself, without affecting the types under that Node

tor

#### Value

The SingleCellExperiment with the new classification or if 'return\_clas = TRUE' the classification vector.

#### **Examples**

```
## In the example data replace all T-cell subtypes by "T cell"
input_mel <- RenameBelowNode(input = input_mel, whichnode = 7, replacement = "T cell")</pre>
```

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