# Package 'BAGS'

# April 12, 2022

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Type Package
Title A Bayesian Approach for Geneset Selection
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<b>Description</b> R package providing functions to perform geneset significance analysis over simple cross-sectional data between 2 and 5 phenotypes of interest.
<b>Depends</b> R (>= 2.10), breastCancerVDX, Biobase
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BAGS-package AnnotationMFGO DataGeneSets Gibbs2 Gibbs3 Gibbs4  10

2 AnnotationMFGO

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# Description

Functions to perform geneset significance analysis for data sets with cross-sectional or time course data design. This method is described in detail in the paper soon to be published. This work is done by Alejandro Quiroz-Zarate in collaboration with Benjamin Haibe-Kains and John Quackenbush.

#### **Details**

Package: BAGS
Type: Package
Version: 2.0

Date: 2013-06-12 License: Artistics-2.0

LazyLoad: yes

For a detailed example on the use and manipulation of the functions provided on this package please see the package Vignette.

# Author(s)

A. Quiroz-Zarate <aquiroz@jimmy.harvard.edu>

# References

Quiroz-Zarate, A., Haibe-Kains, B. and Quackenbush, J. Manuscript in preparation (2013).

# **Examples**

#vignette("BAGS")

AnnotationMFGO List containing a collection of gene symbols with their associated GO term for the Molecular function ontology

AnnotationMFGO 3

# **Description**

This dataset contains list containing all the GO terms for the Molecular function ontology with their associated gene symbols, base on the collections provided by the MSigDB from the Broad Institute

# Usage

```
data(AnnotationMFGO)
```

#### **Format**

A list containing the information in the following way:

• AnnotationMFG0[1:3]: The first 3 GO terms of the Molecular Function ontology with their associated gene symbols.

# **Details**

This dataset contains list containing gene symbols associated with their respective GO term, based on the from the MSigDB at the Broad Institute. This dataset enables the construction of the gene groups of interest for the analysis of the methodology proposed.

# Author(s)

```
A. Quiroz-Zarate. <aquiroz@jimmy.harvard.edu>
```

# Source

```
http://www.broadinstitute.org/gsea/msigdb/collections.jsp#C5
```

# References

Quiroz-Zarate A and Quackenbush J (2012). "Manuscript in preparation".

```
#- load the dataset
data(AnnotationMFGO,package="BAGS")
#- show the first 20 rows and columns.
AnnotationMFGO[1:3]
```

4 DataGeneSets

DataGeneSets

Function that filters the gene sets to work with the desired size.

# Description

This function provides the gene sets with the desired size. It provides two lists of gene sets, one with the gene identifiers of interest, and the other with the position of the gene identifiers with respect to the dataset. Finally it provides a list of the sizes of all the gene sets considered.

#### Usage

```
DataGeneSets(output.ReadGMT, data.gene.symbols, size)
```

# **Arguments**

output.ReadGMT Output of the function ReadGMT.

data.gene.symbols

Vector with the gene identifiers associated to the dataset interest. These gene identifiers have to the same as the ones on the .gmt file of interest.

size

Integer with the minimum number of genes in a gene set.

#### **Details**

This function constructs the gene sets that are going to be considered in the analysis based on the desired size.

#### Value

This function returns a list with three items

DataGeneSetsIds

A list of gene sets with the positions of the gene identifiers with respect to the dataset of interest.

DataGeneSetsNms

A list of gene sets of the gene identifiers.

Size A vector with the size of the gene sets

# Author(s)

A. Quiroz-Zarate <aquiroz@jimmy.harvard.edu>

#### See Also

See the BAGS Vignette for examples on how to use this function and the help of the function Gibbs5 for a detailed example of its use.

#### **Examples**

```
library(breastCancerVDX)
library(Biobase)
data(vdx,package="breastCancerVDX")
gene.expr=exprs(vdx) # Gene expression of the package
vdx.annot=fData(vdx) # Annotation associated to the dataset
vdx.clinc=pData(vdx) # Clinical information associated to the dataset
# Identifying the sample identifiers associated to ER+ and ER- breast cancer
er.pos=which(vdx.clinc$er==1)
er.neg=which(vdx.clinc$er==0)
# Only keep columns 1 and 3, probeset identifiers and Gene symbols respectively
vdx.annot=vdx.annot[,c(1,3)]
all(rownames(gene.expr)==as.character(vdx.annot[,1])) # Checking if the probeset are ordered with respect to the
all(colnames(gene.expr)==as.character(vdx.clinc[,1])) # Checking if the sample identifiers are order with respect
rownames(gene.expr)=as.character(vdx.annot[,2])
                                                     # Changing the row identifiers to the gene identifiers of int
#===== Because we have several measurements for a gene (multiple rows for a gene), we filter the genes
#===== Function to obtain the genes with highest variabilty among phenotypes
gene.nms.u=unique(rownames(gene.expr))
gene.nms=rownames(gene.expr)
indices=NULL
for(i in 1:length(gene.nms.u))
aux=which(gene.nms==gene.nms.u[i])
if(length(aux)>1){
var.r = apply(cbind(apply(gene.expr[aux,er.pos],1,mean),apply(gene.expr[aux,er.neg],1,mean)),1,var)
aux=aux[which.max(var.r)]
indices=c(indices,aux)
#===== Only keep the genes with most variability among the phenotypes of interest
gene.expr=gene.expr[indices,]
                                  # The gene symbols of interest are stored here
gene.nams=rownames(gene.expr)
#===== In the following R dataset it is stored the .gmt file associated to the MF from GO.
#===== So "reading the GMT" is the only step that we skip. But an example is provided on the
#===== help file associated to the function "ReadGMT".
data(AnnotationMFGO,package="BAGS")
data.gene.grps=DataGeneSets(AnnotationMFGO,gene.nams,10)
```

Gibbs2

Function obtains the MCMC chains for the parameters of interest that will form their posterior distribution.

# **Description**

This function provides the MCMC chains for the parameters of interest that will form their posterior distribution. This function is to obtain the gene sets that are differentially expressed among five phenotypes of interest, taking into account one as baseline.

# Usage

Gibbs2(noRow,noCol,iter,GrpSzs,YMu,L0,V0,L0A,V0A,MM,AAPi,ApriDiffExp,result1)

#### **Arguments**

noRow Number of row of the dataset

noCol Total number of subjects considered.

iter Number of iterations for the Gibbs sampler.

GrpSzs Vector with the sizes of the gene sets considered. Output from the function

DataGeneSets.

YMu Output y.mu from the MCMCDataSet
L0 Vector with the prior parameters.
V0 Vector with the prior parameters.
L0A Vector with the prior parameters.
V0A Vector with the prior parameters.

MM Parameter of the prior.

AAPi Parameter of the prior.

ApriDiffExp Number of differentially expressed gene sets apriori

result1 Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the difference in

geneset expression from phenotype 1 in comparison with the phenotype chosen as baseline. The rows are for the gene sets and the columns for the number of

iterations.

# **Details**

This function provides the MCMC chains for the estimation of the posterior distribution for the parameters of interest for each gene set.

# Value

This function returns a list with four items

alfa.1 A list with the MCMC chains for the estimation of the posterior distribution for

the parameter associated with the comparison of phenotype 1 with respect to the phenotype chosen as baseline.

# Author(s)

A. Quiroz-Zarate <aquiroz@jimmy.harvard.edu>

#### See Also

See the BAGS Vignette for examples on how to use this function and the help of the function Gibbs2 for a detailed example of its use. This function can also be used when the gene expression data has a time series experimental design. In this case, there will be two time points on the time course sampling. The assumption is that measurements between time points are independent. This assumption is reasonable when there is irregular and sparse time course sampling.

```
library(breastCancerVDX)
library(Biobase)
data(vdx)
gene.expr=exprs(vdx) # Gene expression of the package
vdx.annot=fData(vdx) # Annotation associated to the dataset
vdx.clinc=pData(vdx) # Clinical information associated to the dataset
# Identifying the sample identifiers associated to ER+ and ER- breast cancer
er.pos=which(vdx.clinc$er==1)
er.neg=which(vdx.clinc$er==0)
# Only keep columns 1 and 3, probeset identifiers and Gene symbols respectively
vdx.annot=vdx.annot[,c(1,3)]
all(rownames(gene.expr)==as.character(vdx.annot[,1])) # Checking if the probeset are ordered with respect to the
all(colnames(gene.expr)==as.character(vdx.clinc[,1])) # Checking if the sample identifiers are order with respect
rownames(gene.expr)=as.character(vdx.annot[,2])
                                                    # Changing the row identifiers to the gene identifiers of int
#===== Because we have several measurements for a gene (multiple rows for a gene), we filter the genes
#===== Function to obtain the genes with highest variabilty among phenotypes
gene.nms.u=unique(rownames(gene.expr))
gene.nms=rownames(gene.expr)
indices=NULL
for(i in 1:length(gene.nms.u))
{
aux=which(gene.nms==gene.nms.u[i])
if(length(aux)>1){
var.r = apply(cbind(apply(gene.expr[aux,er.pos],1,mean),apply(gene.expr[aux,er.neg],1,mean)),1,var)
aux=aux[which.max(var.r)]
}
indices=c(indices,aux)
#===== Only keep the genes with most variability among the phenotypes of interest
gene.expr=gene.expr[indices,]
                                  # The gene symbols of interest are stored here
gene.nams=rownames(gene.expr)
dim(gene.expr)
#===== In the following R dataset it is stored the .gmt file associated to the MF from GO.
#===== So "reading the GMT" is the only step that we skip. But an example is provided on the
#===== help file associated to the function "ReadGMT".
data(AnnotationMFGO,package="BAGS")
```

```
data.gene.grps=DataGeneSets(AnnotationMFGO,gene.nams,5)
phntp.list=list(er.pos,er.neg)
data.mcmc=MCMCDataSet(gene.expr,data.gene.grps$DataGeneSetsIds,phntp.list)
noRow=dim(data.mcmc$y.mu)[1]
noCol=unlist(lapply(phntp.list,length))
iter=10000
GrpSzs=data.gene.grps$Size
YMu=data.mcmc$y.mu
L0=rep(2,2)
V0=rep(3,2)
L0A=rep(3,2)
V0A=rep(3,2)
MM=0.55
AAPi=10
ApriDiffExp=floor(dim(data.mcmc$y.mu)[1]*0.03)
results=matrix(0,noRow,iter)
mcmc.chains=Gibbs2(noRow,noCol,iter,GrpSzs,YMu,L0,V0,L0A,V0A,MM,AAPi,ApriDiffExp,results)
burn.in=2000
alfa.pi=apply(mcmc.chains[[1]][,burn.in:iter],1,function(x){
                                y=length(which(x!=0))/length(burn.in:iter);return(y)})
plot(alfa.pi,type="h",main="Probabilities of MF differentially expressed between ER status")
cut.off=0.9
abline(h=cut.off,col="red")
differential.processes=names(data.gene.grps$Size)[which(alfa.pi>cut.off)]
```

# **Description**

Gibbs3

This function provides the MCMC chains for the parameters of interest that will form their posterior distribution. This function is to obtain the gene sets that are differentially expressed among five phenotypes of interest, taking into account one as baseline.

will form their posterior distribution.

# Usage

```
Gibbs3(noRow,noCol,iter,GrpSzs,YMu,L0,V0,L0A,V0A,MM,AAPi,ApriDiffExp,result1,result2)
```

Function obtains the MCMC chains for the parameters of interest that

# Arguments

noRow	Number of row of the dataset
noCol	Total number of subjects considered.
iter	Number of iterations for the Gibbs sampler.

GrpSzs	vector with the sizes of the gene sets considered. Output from the function	
	DataGeneSets.	

YMu Output y.mu from the MCMCDataSet
L0 Vector with the prior parameters.
V0 Vector with the prior parameters.
L0A Vector with the prior parameters.
V0A Vector with the prior parameters.

MM Parameter of the prior.

AAPi Parameter of the prior.

ApriDiffExp Number of differentially expressed gene sets apriori

result1 Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the difference in

gene set expression from phenotype 1 in comparison with the phenotype chosen as baseline. The rows are for the gene sets and the columns for the number of

iterations.

result2 Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the difference in

gene set expression from phenotype 2 in comparison with the phenotype chosen as baseline. The rows are for the gene sets and the columns for the number of

iterations.

#### **Details**

This function provides the MCMC chains for the estimation of the posterior distribution for the parameters of interest for each gene set.

# Value

This function returns a list with four items

alfa.1 A list with the MCMC chains for the estimation of the posterior distribution for

the parameter associated with the comparison of phenotype 1 with respect to the

reference phenotype.

alfa.2 A list with the MCMC chains for the estimation of the posterior distribution for

the parameter associated with the comparison of phenotype 2 with respect to the

reference phenotype.

# Author(s)

A. Quiroz-Zarate <aquiroz@jimmy.harvard.edu>

#### See Also

See the BAGS Vignette for examples on how to use function Gibbs2. This function can also be used when the gene expression data has a time series experimental design. In this case, there will be three time points on the time course sampling. The assumption is that measurements between time points are independent. This assumption is reasonable when there is irregular and sparse time course sampling.

# **Examples**

# Similar to the example on Gibbs2, but in this case there are three different phenotypes of interest. The user has t

Function obtains the MCMC chains for the parameters of interest that
will form their posterior distribution.

# Description

This function provides the MCMC chains for the parameters of interest that will form their posterior distribution. This function is to obtain the gene sets that are differentially expressed among five phenotypes of interest, taking into account one as baseline.

# Usage

 $\label{lem:condition} Gibbs 4 (no Row, no Col, iter, GrpSzs, YMu, L0, V0, L0A, V0A, MM, AAPi, ApriDiffExp, result1, result2, result3)$ 

# **Arguments**

noCol Total number of subjects considered.  iter Number of iterations for the Gibbs sampler.  GrpSzs Vector with the sizes of the gene sets considered. Output from the fur DataGeneSets.  YMu Output y.mu from the MCMCDataSet  L0 Vector with the prior parameters.  V0 Vector with the prior parameters.  L0A Vector with the prior parameters.  V0A Vector with the prior parameters.  MM Parameter of the prior.  AAPi Parameter of the prior.  AAPi Parameter of the prior.  ApriDiffExp Number of differentially expressed gene sets apriori  result1 Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the different gene set expression from phenotype 1 in comparison with the phenotype class baseline. The rows are for the gene sets and the columns for the number of the n	
iter Number of iterations for the Gibbs sampler.  GrpSzs Vector with the sizes of the gene sets considered. Output from the fur DataGeneSets.  YMu Output y.mu from the MCMCDataSet  L0 Vector with the prior parameters.  V0 Vector with the prior parameters.  L0A Vector with the prior parameters.  V0A Vector with the prior parameters.  MM Parameter of the prior.  AAPi Parameter of the prior.  ApriDiffExp Number of differentially expressed gene sets apriori  result1 Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the difference gene set expression from phenotype 1 in comparison with the phenotype of	
GrpSzs  Vector with the sizes of the gene sets considered. Output from the fur DataGeneSets.  YMu  Output y.mu from the MCMCDataSet  L0  Vector with the prior parameters.  V0  Vector with the prior parameters.  L0A  Vector with the prior parameters.  V0A  Vector with the prior parameters.  MM  Parameter of the prior.  AAPi  Parameter of the prior.  ApriDiffExp  Number of differentially expressed gene sets apriori  result1  Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the different gene set expression from phenotype 1 in comparison with the phenotype of	
DataGeneSets.  YMu Output y.mu from the MCMCDataSet  L0 Vector with the prior parameters.  V0 Vector with the prior parameters.  L0A Vector with the prior parameters.  V0A Vector with the prior parameters.  MM Parameter of the prior.  AAPi Parameter of the prior.  ApriDiffExp Number of differentially expressed gene sets apriori  result1 Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the difference gene set expression from phenotype 1 in comparison with the phenotype of	
L0 Vector with the prior parameters.  V0 Vector with the prior parameters.  L0A Vector with the prior parameters.  V0A Vector with the prior parameters.  MM Parameter of the prior.  AAPi Parameter of the prior.  ApriDiffExp Number of differentially expressed gene sets apriori  result1 Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the different gene set expression from phenotype 1 in comparison with the phenotype of	iction
Vector with the prior parameters.  LØA Vector with the prior parameters.  VØA Vector with the prior parameters.  MM Parameter of the prior.  AAPi Parameter of the prior.  ApriDiffExp Number of differentially expressed gene sets apriori  result1 Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the different gene set expression from phenotype 1 in comparison with the phenotype of	
Vector with the prior parameters.  V0A Vector with the prior parameters.  MM Parameter of the prior.  AAPi Parameter of the prior.  ApriDiffExp Number of differentially expressed gene sets apriori  result1 Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the different gene set expression from phenotype 1 in comparison with the phenotype of	
V0A Vector with the prior parameters.  MM Parameter of the prior.  AAPi Parameter of the prior.  ApriDiffExp Number of differentially expressed gene sets apriori  result1 Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the difference gene set expression from phenotype 1 in comparison with the phenotype of	
MM Parameter of the prior.  AAPi Parameter of the prior.  ApriDiffExp Number of differentially expressed gene sets apriori  result1 Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the different gene set expression from phenotype 1 in comparison with the phenotype classical sets apriori	
AAPi Parameter of the prior.  ApriDiffExp Number of differentially expressed gene sets apriori  result1 Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the difference gene set expression from phenotype 1 in comparison with the phenotype of	
ApriDiffExp Number of differentially expressed gene sets apriori  result1 Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the different gene set expression from phenotype 1 in comparison with the phenotype cl	
result1 Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the different gene set expression from phenotype 1 in comparison with the phenotype cl	
gene set expression from phenotype 1 in comparison with the phenotype cl	
iterations.	hosen
result2 Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the different gene set expression from phenotype 2 in comparison with the phenotype class baseline. The rows are for the gene sets and the columns for the number iterations.	hosen
Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the different gene set expression from phenotype 3 in comparison with the phenotype class baseline. The rows are for the gene sets and the columns for the numbiterations.	hosen

# **Details**

This function provides the MCMC chains for the estimation of the posterior distribution for the parameters of interest for each geneset.

#### Value

This function returns a list with four items

alfa.1	A list with the MCMC chains for the estimation of the posterior distribution for the parameter associated with the comparison of phenotype 1 with respect to the reference phenotype.
alfa.2	A list with the MCMC chains for the estimation of the posterior distribution for the parameter associated with the comparison of phenotype 2 with respect to the reference phenotype.
alfa.3	A list with the MCMC chains for the estimation of the posterior distribution for the parameter associated with the comparison of phenotype 3 with respect to the reference phenotype.

# Author(s)

A. Quiroz-Zarate <aquiroz@jimmy.harvard.edu>

#### See Also

See the BAGS Vignette for examples on how to use function Gibbs2. This function can also be used when the gene expression data has a time series experimental design. In this case, there will be four time points on the time course sampling. The assumption is that measurements between time points are independent. This assumption is reasonable when there is irregular and sparse time course sampling.

# **Examples**

# Similar to the example on Gibbs2, but in this case there are four different phenotypes of interest. The user has to

Gibbs5	Function obtains the MCMC chains for the parameters of interest that will form their posterior distribution.

# Description

This function provides the MCMC chains for the parameters of interest that will form their posterior distribution. This function is to obtain the gene sets that are differentially expressed among five phenotypes of interest, taking into account one as baseline.

# Usage

Gibbs5(noRow,noCol,iter,GrpSzs,YMu,L0,V0,L0A,V0A,MM,AAPi,ApriDiffExp,result1,result2,result3,result

#### **Arguments**

Number of row of the dataset noRow

Total number of subjects considered. noCo1

Number of iterations for the Gibbs sampler. iter

GrpSzs Vector with the sizes of the gene sets considered. Output from the function

DataGeneSets.

YMu Output y.mu from the MCMCDataSet L0 Vector with the prior parameters. ۷0 Vector with the prior parameters. L<sub>0</sub>A Vector with the prior parameters. V0A Vector with the prior parameters.

MM Parameter of the prior. AAPi Parameter of the prior.

ApriDiffExp Number of differentially expressed gene sets apriori

result1 Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the difference in

> gene set expression from phenotype 1 in comparison with the phenotype chosen as baseline. The rows are for the gene sets and the columns for the number of

iterations.

result2 Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the difference in

> gene set expression from phenotype 2 in comparison with the phenotype chosen as baseline. The rows are for the gene sets and the columns for the number of

iterations.

result3 Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the difference in

> gene set expression from phenotype 3 in comparison with the phenotype chosen as baseline. The rows are for the gene sets and the columns for the number of

iterations.

result4 Matrix for the MCMC chains for the parameter that identifies the difference in

> gene set expression from phenotype 4 in comparison with the phenotype chosen as baseline. The rows are for the gene sets and the columns for the number of

iterations.

#### **Details**

This function provides the MCMC chains for the estimation of the posterior distribution for the parameters of interest for each gene set.

#### Value

This function returns a list with four items

alfa.1 A list with the MCMC chains for the estimation of the posterior distribution for

the parameter associated with the comparison of phenotype 1 with respect to the

reference phenotype.

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alfa.2	A list with the MCMC chains for the estimation of the posterior distribution for the parameter associated with the comparison of phenotype 2 with respect to the reference phenotype.
alfa.3	A list with the MCMC chains for the estimation of the posterior distribution for the parameter associated with the comparison of phenotype 3 with respect to the reference phenotype.
alfa.4	A list with the MCMC chains for the estimation of the posterior distribution for the parameter associated with the comparison of phenotype 4 with respect to the reference phenotype.

# Author(s)

A. Quiroz-Zarate <aquiroz@jimmy.harvard.edu>

# See Also

See the BAGS Vignette for examples on how to use function Gibbs2. This function can also be used when the gene expression data has a time series experimental design. In this case, there will be five time points on the time course sampling. The assumption is that measurements between time points are independent. This assumption is reasonable when there is irregular and sparse time course sampling.

# **Examples**

# Similar to the example on Gibbs2, but in this case there are five different phenotypes of interest. The user has to

MCMCDataSet Function that transform the dataset into the required formation Gibbs sampler.	for the
--	---------

# Description

This function makes the necessary transformation of the dataset in order for the Gibbs sampler to perform the iterations. This transformation is based on the number of phenotypes of interest considered.

# Usage

MCMCDataSet(data,output.DataGeneSets,list.phenotype.ids)

# **Arguments**

data The dataset of interest. The data has as rows the gene identifiers of interest (same as the .gmt file) and as columns the samples considered.

output.DataGeneSets

List of gene sets with the positions of the gene identifiers with respect to the dataset of interest. This list is part of the output from DataGeneSets.

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```
list.phenotype.ids
```

A list that has as elements the vectors with the column positions of the phenotypes considered in the analysis.

# **Details**

This function constructs the gene sets that are going to be considered in the analysis based on the desired size.

#### Value

This function returns a list:

y.mu

A matrix with the means across samples and genes for each gene set. The rows are gene sets and columns are the different phenotypes considered.

# Author(s)

```
A. Quiroz-Zarate <aquiroz@jimmy.harvard.edu>
```

#### See Also

See the BAGS Vignette for examples on how to use this function and the help of the function Gibbs5 for a detailed example of its use.

```
library(breastCancerVDX)
library(Biobase)
data(vdx)
gene.expr=exprs(vdx) # Gene expression of the package
vdx.annot=fData(vdx) # Annotation associated to the dataset
vdx.clinc=pData(vdx) # Clinical information associated to the dataset
# Identifying the sample identifiers associated to ER+ and ER- breast cancer
er.pos=which(vdx.clinc$er==1)
er.neg=which(vdx.clinc$er==0)
# Only keep columns 1 and 3, probeset identifiers and Gene symbols respectively
vdx.annot=vdx.annot[,c(1,3)]
all(rownames(gene.expr)==as.character(vdx.annot[,1])) # Checking if the probeset are ordered with respect to the
all(colnames(gene.expr)==as.character(vdx.clinc[,1])) # Checking if the sample identifiers are order with respect
rownames(gene.expr)=as.character(vdx.annot[,2])
                                                    # Changing the row identifiers to the gene identifiers of int
#===== Because we have several measurements for a gene (multiple rows for a gene), we filter the genes
#===== Function to obtain the genes with highest variabilty among phenotypes
gene.nms.u=unique(rownames(gene.expr))
gene.nms=rownames(gene.expr)
indices=NULL
for(i in 1:length(gene.nms.u))
```

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```
aux=which(gene.nms==gene.nms.u[i])
if(length(aux)>1){
var.r = apply(cbind(apply(gene.expr[aux,er.pos],1,mean),apply(gene.expr[aux,er.neg],1,mean)),1,var)
aux=aux[which.max(var.r)]
indices=c(indices,aux)
#===== Only keep the genes with most variability among the phenotypes of interest
gene.expr=gene.expr[indices,]
                                  # The gene symbols of interest are stored here
gene.nams=rownames(gene.expr)
dim(gene.expr)
#===== In the following R dataset it is stored the .gmt file associated to the MF from GO.
#===== So "reading the GMT" is the only step that we skip. But an example is provided on the
#===== help file associated to the function "ReadGMT".
data(AnnotationMFGO,package="BAGS")
data.gene.grps=DataGeneSets(AnnotationMFGO,gene.nams,10)
phntp.list=list(er.pos,er.neg)
\tt data.mcmc=MCMCDataSet(gene.expr,data.gene.grps\\DataGeneSetsIds,phntp.list)
```

ReadGMT

Function that extracts the gene set definition from a .gmt file.

# **Description**

This function reads the gene set definitions provided by a .gmt file (MSigDB annotation files) an stores the information into a list.

#### Usage

```
ReadGMT(path)
```

# **Arguments**

path

The path where the .gmt file is stored..

# **Details**

This function reads the gene set definitions provided by a .gmt file (MSigDB annotation files) an stores the information into a list. The .gmt file needs to have the name of the gene set in column 1. A description/properties of the gene set in column 2. And finally the gene identifiers associated to the gene set from column 3 and on. These gene identifiers can be Ensembl, Affymetrix, Gene Symbols, etc...

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# Value

This function returns a list of the same length as gene sets in the .gmt file provided. The entries of the lists are the associated gene identifier associated to their respective gene set

# Author(s)

```
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```

# See Also

See the BAGS Vignette for examples on how to use function Gibbs2.

```
# An example on the use of this function:
# gene.sets.DB=ReadGMT("/Users/Bioinformatics/Projects/c5.mf.v3.0.symbols.gmt")
#
# #Where the path is where the gmt file from the MSigDB is stored.
```

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