Package 'PloGO2'

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abundancePlot

Function to summarize and plot abundance information from an annotations results list

Description

Generates one GO/pathway abundance plot for each file, and (provided the number of GO/pathway cateGO/pathwayries is reasonably small) also an abundance plot for each GO/pathway category across all files provided. The abundance values are *added* for all values in one category. Hence if the initial values represented percentages such as NSAF, the final values represent percentages of the respective category.

Usage

```
abundancePlot(res.list, log = FALSE, printLimit = 16, Group=NULL, Plot=FALSE,
CountCutOff=3, ...)
```

Arguments

res.list The result returned by processAnnotation log TRUE/FALSE: use raw or log abundance data printLimit The most number of category to be plotted

Group The groups
Plot To plot or not

CountCutOff The minimum number of proteins in a category for it to be plotted

... Parameters to pass

Value

A list object, with the following values:

abundance The abundance matrix

ag.mat The aggregated abundance matrix

list.levelplots

A list of abundance levelplots trellis object

list.barplots A list of abundance barcharts trellis object

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Author(s)

D.Pascovici and J.Wu

See Also

See Also as processAnnotation

```
# get list of ID's
GOIDlist <- GOTermList("MF", 2)</pre>
# find existing files
path <- system.file("files", package="PloGO2")</pre>
file.names <- paste(path, c("00100.txt", "01111.txt", "10000.txt",
"11111.txt", "Control.txt"), sep="/")
datafile <- file.path(path, "NSAF.csv")</pre>
# summarize annotation
res.list <- processAnnotation(file.names, GOIDlist, data.file.name = datafile)
abundance.res <- abundancePlot(res.list)</pre>
# Plot levelplots
list.levelplots <- abundance.res$list.levelplots</pre>
for(i in seq_along(list.levelplots)) {
png(paste(names(list.levelplots)[i], ".png"), 2000, 4000, res=200)
print(list.levelplots[[i]])
dev.off()
}
# KEGG pathway
path <- system.file("files", package="PloGO2")</pre>
file.names <- file.path(path, "PWFiles", c("AllData.txt", "black.txt", "blue.txt", "brown.txt", "green.txt",
"red.txt","turquoise.txt") )
datafile <- file.path(path, "Abundance_data.csv")</pre>
Group <- names(read.csv(datafile))[-1]</pre>
AnnotIDlist <- c("osa01100","osa01110","osa01230","osa00300","osa00860")
res.list <- processAnnotation(file.names, AnnotIDlist, data.file.name = datafile)
abundance.res <- abundancePlot(res.list, Group=Group, Plot=TRUE)</pre>
# Plot levelplots
list.levelplots <- abundance.res$list.levelplots</pre>
for(i in seq_along(list.levelplots)) {
png(paste(names(list.levelplots)[i], ".png"), 2000, 4000, res=200)
print(list.levelplots[[i]])
```

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```
dev.off()
}
# Plot barchats by categories
list.barplots <- abundance.res$list.barplots

for(i in seq_along(list.barplots)) {
  png(paste(names(list.barplots)[i], ".png"), 2000, 2000, res=200)
  print(list.barplots[[i]])
  dev.off()
}</pre>
```

annotationPlot

Function to summarize and plot extracted GO or pathway annotation

Description

Summarize the information from the GO or pathway annotation list into a table of counts and percentages, and possibly print a few images.

Usage

```
annotationPlot(res.list, percentages = FALSE, plot = TRUE, trimzero = FALSE, type=c("GO", "pathway"))
```

Arguments

res.list The list of summarized annotation as generated by processAnnotation.

percentages TRUE or FALSE.

plot TRUE or FALSE: should plots be printed.

trimzero TRUE or FALSE: should GO categories with no counts be removed. This is not

really relevant when a small number of GO categories has been selected.

type The type of annotation.

Value

counts A matrix of counts, GO categories (rows) by samples (cols).

Percentages A matrix of percentages, GO categories (rows) by samples (cols).

Author(s)

D. Pascovici

See Also

See Also processAnnotation

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Examples

```
## Not run:
# get list of ID's
GOIDlist <- GOTermList("BP", 2)</pre>
# find existing files
dir <- system.file("files", package="PloGO2")</pre>
file.names <- paste(dir,c("00100.txt", "01111.txt", "10000.txt",
"11111.txt", "Control.txt"), sep="/")
# summarize annotation
res.list <- processAnnotation(file.names, GOIDlist)</pre>
annotationPlot(res.list, plot=FALSE)
## End(Not run)
# KEGG pathway
dir <- system.file("files", package="PloGO2")</pre>
fname <- file.path(dir,"PWFiles", c("red.txt", "blue.txt", "yellow.txt", "green.txt", "turquoise.txt") )</pre>
datafile <- file.path(dir, "Abundance_data.csv")</pre>
AnnotIDlist <- c("osa01100","osa01110","osa01230","osa00300","osa00860")
res.list <- processAnnotation(fname, AnnotIDlist, data.file.name = datafile)
annotationPlot(res.list, plot=TRUE, type="pathway")
```

compareAnnot

Function to compare annotation percentages

Description

Compare annotation percentages by means of Fisher's exact test. A reference must be selected, and that name must be amongst the annotation result list names.

Usage

```
compareAnnot(res.list, referenceName, removeZeros = FALSE, correction = TRUE)
```

Arguments

res.list List returned by the processAnnotation function

referenceName Name of the condition to compare with

removeZeros Remove the categories with no annotation in them from the result

correction TRUE or FALSE: apply the BH fdr correction to the p-values in each column

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Value

A matrix of p-values or NA. A comparison is made for each sample other than the reference with the reference, and each GO annotation category. The result is not recorded if the annotation numbers were small for that category (<5). This is strictly not needed for Fisher's exact test (though was needed for the chi-square approximation used initially).

Author(s)

D.Pascovici

See Also

See Also processAnnotation

Examples

```
## Not run:
# get list of ID's
GOIDlist <- GOTermList("BP", 2)

# find existing files
dir <- system.file("files", package="PloGO2")
file.names <- paste(dir,c("00100.txt", "01111.txt", "10000.txt",
"11111.txt","Control.txt"), sep="/")

# summarize annotation
res.list <- processAnnotation(file.names, GOIDlist)

# compare with Control
compareAnnot(res.list, "Control")

compareAnnot(res.list, "Control", correction=FALSE)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

ExcelToPloG0

Function to add GO annotation to an Excel spread sheet

Description

Function to add GO annotation to an Excel spread sheet

Usage

ExcelToPloGO(fname, colName = "Uniprot", termFile= NA, compareWithReference="none", data.file.name = "

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Arguments

fname Name of the Excel spread sheet to be annotated

colName The name of the column containing the protein identifiers

termFile The name of the file containing the GO categories

compareWithReference

The name of the tab that serves as basis for enrichement comparison.

data.file.name Abundance data for PloGO if any

outFolder The output files folder

Value

A list object, with the following values:

Counts The GO counts matrix summarized for all files

Percentages The GO percentages matrix summarized for all files

Abundance The GO percentages matrix summarized for all files, ONLY generated if an

abundance file was provided

FisherPval The Fisher p-values matrix summarized for all files, ONLY generated if a refer-

ence file was provided

res.list The full list result of processAnnotation function

list.levelplots

The abundance levelplots if the data.file.name is not "none"

list.barplots The abundance barcharts if the data.file.name is not "none"

Author(s)

D.Pascovici

```
## Not run:
# where sample files are stored
path <- system.file("files", package = "PloGO2")
termFile = paste(path, "GODefault.txt", sep="/")
xlfile <- paste(path, "ResultsWGCNA_Input4PloGO2.xlsx", sep="/")
res <- ExcelToPloGO(xlfile, termFile=termFile, compareWithReference="AllData")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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ExcelToPloPathway	Function to add KEGG pathway annotation to an Excel spread sheet

Description

Function to add KEGG pathway annotation to an Excel spread sheet

Usage

```
ExcelToPloPathway(fname, colName = "Uniprot", compareWithReference = "none", DB.name = "pathwayDB.csv"
```

Arguments

fname Name of the Excel spread sheet to be annotated

colName The name of the column containing the protein identifiers

compareWithReference

The name of the tab that serves as basis for enrichment comparison.

DB. name The DB file name for the pathway data. file. name Abundance data for PloGO if any

outFolder The output files folder

Value

A list object, with the following values:

Counts The pathway counts matrix summarized for all files

Percentages The pathway percentages matrix summarized for all files

Abundance The pathway percentages matrix summarized for all files, ONLY generated if an

abundance file was provided

aggAbundance Aggregated abundance matrix by combination of tab and abundance file columns

for all pathways

FisherPval The Fisher p-values matrix summarized for all files, ONLY generated if a refer-

ence file was provided

res.list The full list result of processAnnotation function

list.levelplots

The abundance levelplots if the data.file.name is not "none"

list.barplots The abundance barcharts if the data.file.name is not "none"

```
path <- system.file("files", package = "PloGO2")

res <- ExcelToPloPathway(file.path(path, "ResultsWGCNA_Input4PloGO2.xlsx"),
colName="Uniprot", compareWithReference="AllData", DB.name=file.path(path, "pathwayDB.csv"),
data.file.name = file.path(path, "Abundance_data.csv") )</pre>
```

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genAnnotationFiles	Function to generate a format in Wego native style from a list of Uniprot identifiers
--------------------	---

Description

Given a Excel spreadsheet with multiple tabs, generate a Wego file for each tab using a predownload DB file.

Usage

```
genAnnotationFiles(fExcelName, colName="Uniprot",
DB.name = "pathwayDB.csv", folder="PWFiles",outFolder=tempdir())
```

Arguments

fExcelName	An excel file containing	one or multiple tabs of a	protein IDs For	example the
LYCCTIVALIC	An exect the containing	one of inditiple tabs of i	protein ibs. i oi	campic, mc

proteins in each tab come from the same cluster.

colName The column name of the protein ID.

DB. name The database file name, in .csv format.

folder The folder name for saving the generated files.

outFolder The output files folder

Value

The folder path for generated annotation files.

Author(s)

J. Wu

```
path <- system.file("files", package = "PloGO2")
genAnnotationFiles(fExcelName = file.path(path, "ResultsWGCNA_Input4PloGO2.xlsx"),
colName="Uniprot",
DB.name = file.path(path, "pathwayDB.csv"))</pre>
```

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genWegoFile	Function to generate a format in Wego native style from a list of Uniprot identifiers

Description

Connects to the Uniprot Biomart using functionality from the biomaRt package, downloads GO information and organizes it as needed.

Usage

```
genWegoFile(IDList, fname = "Wego.txt", database = "uniprot", outFolder=tempdir())
```

Arguments

IDList A list of ID's, either Ensembl or Uniprot.

fname The name of the text file to be outputed.

database "ensembl" or "uniprot".
outFolder The output files folder

Value

File path of generated Wego files

Author(s)

D. Pascovici

Examples

```
v <- c("Q9HWC9","Q9HWD0","Q9I4N8","Q9HW18","Q9HWC9","Q9HWD0")
## Not run: genWegoFile(v, fname = "F1.txt")</pre>
```

getGoID

Function to map a vector of GO terms to the corresponding GO ID's

Description

This function is rather slow and inefficient, as it first extracts all GO terms then matches the current one. However, it in only intended for a one off matching of terms of interest to the respective nodes.

Usage

```
getGoID(v)
```

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Arguments

v the precise spelling of the go term

Value

The list of matched terms, with names the respective GO ID's/

Author(s)

D. Pascovici

Examples

```
getGoID(c("biological_process", "transport"))
# however the next one is not found as the proper term name has an
# underscore "cellular_component"
getGoID("cellular component")
```

GOTermList

Function to extract a list of GO terms at level 2,3 or 4 of the GO hierarchy

Description

At the moment a quick and dirty way to extract all GO nodes at levels 2, 3 or 4 of the GO hierarchy.

Usage

```
GOTermList(ontology = "BP", level = 2, node = NULL)
```

Arguments

ontology Either "BP", "CC" or "MF"

level Either 2, 3 or 4 node Null or a GO node

Details

This is a quick and dirty way to extract a list of GO terms of interest. That can be one of the levels 2, 3 or 4 or all subnodes (children) of a particular node if a valid GO is provided for the node parameter. Should be rewritten.

Value

A vector of GO nodes

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Author(s)

D. Pascovici

Examples

```
GOTermList("BP", 2)
GOTermList("CC", 2)
```

PloG0 Function to do steps of GO annotation and annotation/abundance

plots

Description

Summarize GO categories for all the files in the zip, if provided merge data from data file, generate annotation and abundance plots and comparison with reference.

Usage

```
PloGO(zipFile = "none", termFile="none", ontology = "BP", ontologyLevel = 2, reference = "none", data.fr
filesPath=".", node=NULL, aggregateFun="sum", logAb=FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

zipFile Zip containing all the GO files

termFile A file with the GO terms of interest, if a limited set provided

ontology Wither BP, MF or CC

ontologyLevel A small level such as 2 or 3

reference The file name of the reference file, if any, for instance "Control" for Control.txt

data.file.name The file containing all the experimental data, for instance "NASF.csv"

datafile.ignore.cols

The number of columns in the experimental file given in data.file.name that should not be used as numerical, for instance 2 if there is an ID field and a

Description field. By default 1.

filesPath If the zip file is not provided, the path to the GO files

node NULL, ignored at the moment

aggregateFun Either "sum" or "product"; the aggregation operation for abundance data

logAb TRUE or FALSE; the abundance data to be logged or not

... Parameters to pass

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Details

Process all the GO files provided, in the directory or the zip, and assign ID's to the respective categories. The categories can come from a target list, or from a choice of level and ontology. If a reference is provided, then the numbers of identifiers in each category is compared to the reference by means of Fisher's exact test. If a data file is provided, then the quantitative values are aggregated into the sets.

Value

A list object, with the following values:

Counts The GO counts matrix summarized for all files

Percentages The GO percentages matrix summarized for all files

Abundance The GO percentages matrix summarized for all files, ONLY generated if an

abundance file was provided

aggregatedAbundance

The aggregated abundance matrix if the data file is provided

FisherPval The Fisher p-values matrix summarized for all files, ONLY generated if a refer-

ence file was provided

res.list The full list result of processAnnotation function

list.levelplots

The abundance levelplots if the data.file.name is not "none"

list.barplots The abundance barcharts if the data.file.name is not "none"

Author(s)

D. Pascovici

See Also

```
processAnnotation
```

```
# where sample files are stored
path <- system.file("files", package = "PloGO2")
# run PloGO with list of id's, data file and reference
res <- PloGO( zipFile=paste(path, "GOfiles.zip", sep="/"),
reference="Control", termFile = paste(path, "GOListDrought.txt", sep="/"),
data.file.name = paste(path, "NSAFDesc.csv", sep="/"),
datafile.ignore.cols = 2)</pre>
```

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PloPathway	Function to do steps of pathway annotation and annotation/abundance plots

Description

Summarize pathway categories for all the files in the zip, if provided merge data from data file, generate annotation and abundance plots and comparison with reference.

Usage

```
PloPathway(zipFile = "none", reference = "none", data.file.name = "none", datafile.ignore.cols = 1, fil
```

Arguments

zipFile Zip containing all the GO files

reference The file name of the reference file, if any, for instance "Control" for Control.txt

data.file.name The file containing all the experimental data, for instance "NASF.csv"

datafile.ignore.cols

The number of columns in the experimental file given in data.file.name that should not be used as numerical, for instance 2 if there is an ID field and a

Description field. By default 1.

filesPath If the zip file is not provided, the path to the GO files

aggregateFun Either "sum" or "product"; the aggregation operation for abundance data

logAb TRUE or FALSE; the abundance data to be logged or not

... Parameters to pass

Details

Process all the pathway files provided, in the directory or the zip, and assign ID's to the respective categories. If a reference is provided, then the numbers of identifiers in each category is compared to the reference by means of Fisher's exact test. If a data file is provided, then the quantitative values are aggregated into the sets.

Value

A list object, with the following values:

Counts The GO counts matrix summarized for all files

Percentages The GO percentages matrix summarized for all files

Abundance The GO percentages matrix summarized for all files, ONLY generated if an

abundance file was provided

aggregatedAbundance

The aggregated abundance matrix if the data file is provided

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FisherPval The Fisher p-values matrix summarized for all files, ONLY generated if a refer-

ence file was provided

res.list The full list result of processAnnotation function

list.levelplots

The abundance levelplots if the data.file.name is not "none"

list.barplots The abundance barcharts if the data.file.name is not "none"

Author(s)

J. Wu

See Also

```
processAnnotation
```

Examples

```
# where sample files are stored
path <- system.file("files", package = "PloGO2")
# run PloPathway with list of id's, data file and reference
res <- PloPathway( zipFile=paste(path, "PWFiles.zip", sep="/"),
reference="Alldata",
data.file.name = paste(path, "Abundance_data.csv", sep="/"),
datafile.ignore.cols = 1)</pre>
```

plotAbundanceBar

Function to plot abundance barplot

Description

Plot the aggregated abundance barplot for all files/clusters

Usage

```
plotAbundanceBar(mat.abundance, mat.counts, min.count=5)
```

Arguments

mat.abundance A matrix of abundance mat.counts A matrix of the counts

min.count The cutoff for the minimum counts to be included

Value

None returned, generate a barplot.

printSummary

Author(s)

J.Wu

Examples

```
path <- system.file("files", package = "PloGO2")
# run PloPathway with list of id's, data file and reference
res <- PloPathway( zipFile=paste(path, "PWFiles.zip", sep="/"),
reference="Alldata",
data.file.name = paste(path, "Abundance_data.csv", sep="/"),
datafile.ignore.cols = 1)

png("AbundanceBarplot.png", 2500, 2000, res=300)
par(mar=c(4,10,4,14))

plot.res <- plotAbundanceBar(res$aggregatedAbundance, res$Counts)

dev.off()</pre>
```

printSummary

Function to print the summary file of PloGO2 results.

Description

Each tab in the summary spreadsheet of the

Usage

```
printSummary(results, file="PloGO2Results.xlsx")
```

Arguments

results A list of results from PloGO2 analysis

file The output file name

Value

TRUE if at least some annotations were found, FALSE otherwise.

Author(s)

J. Wu

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Examples

```
## Not run:
path <- system.file("files", package = "PloGO2")
# run PloPathway with list of id's, data file and reference
res <- PloPathway( zipFile=paste(path, "PWFiles.zip", sep="/"),
reference="Alldata",
data.file.name = paste(path, "Abundance_data.csv", sep="/"),
datafile.ignore.cols = 1)
printSummary(res)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

processAnnotation

Function to process a set of annotation files given a list of GO/pathway identifiers of interest

Description

For each file in the list extract all identifiers that belong to each GO or pathway category in the list of identifiers. An identifier "belongs" to a GO or pathway category if it is annotated at the category itself or any of its children in the GO graph.

Usage

```
processAnnotation(file.list, AnnotIDlist, data.file.name = NULL, printFiles = FALSE,
format = c("compact","long"), datafile.ignore.cols = 1, aggregateFun="sum")
```

Arguments

file.list

A list of files

AnnotIDlist A list of GO/pathway identifiers

data.file.name A list containing additional data such as abundance information

printFiles TRUE/FALSE If true an annotation summary file is generated for each input file

format One of "compact" by default or or "long", the format of the annotation files. See details.

datafile.ignore.cols

How many columns in the abundance file to ignore. By default assume the first

only, containing identifiers.

aggregateFun Either "sum" or "product"; the aggregation operation for abundance data

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Details

The format is for the GO/pathway files is "compact" by default, meaning a text file containing ID's in the first column, and GO/pathway identifiers in the second, separated by spaces or semicolons. This is the same as the "Wego native format". A "long" format is also accepted, meaning a text file with two or more columns separated by spaces, containing an identifier, followed by a GO/pathway id, followed optionally by other columns which are ignored. The GO/pathway id's will first be aggregated for each identifier.

Value

A list of the same length as the list of files submitted. Each list element is the result of processGoFile or processPathFile.

Author(s)

```
D. Pascovici, J.Wu
```

See Also

```
processGoFile, processPathFile
```

```
# For GO analysis
# choose two simple GO categories
termList <- c("response to stimulus", "transport")</pre>
GOIDmap <- getGoID(termList)</pre>
GOIDlist <- names(GOIDmap)</pre>
path <- system.file("files", package = "PloGO2")</pre>
file.names <- file.path(path, c("00100.txt", "01111.txt", "10000.txt",
"11111.txt", "Control.txt"))
# summarize annotation
res.list <- processAnnotation(file.names, GOIDlist)</pre>
# files in long format
longFormat <- file.path(path, "goRetOutput.txt")</pre>
processAnnotation(longFormat, GOIDlist, format = "long")
# For KEGG pathway analysis
fname <- file.path(path,"PWFiles", "red.txt")</pre>
datafile <- file.path(path, "Abundance_data.csv")</pre>
AnnotIDlist <- c("osa01100","osa01110","osa01230","osa00300","osa00860")
res.list <- processAnnotation(fname, AnnotIDlist, data.file.name = datafile)
```

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Description

For each GO category of interest extract all ID's from the file that are annotated at either the category or its GO children. If abundance data is present extract and merge.

Usage

```
processGoFile(fname, GOIDlist, datafile = NULL, datafile.ignore.cols = 1, format = c("compact","long")
```

Arguments

fname The GO file name, in either Wego native format or long format

GOIDlist The list of GO id's of interest

datafile The file containing abundance or NULL if none.

datafile.ignore.cols

How many columns in the abundance file to ignore. By default assume the first

only, containing identifiers.

format Either "compact" or "long"; see details

aggregateFun Either "sum" or "product"; the aggregation operation for abundance data

Details

The format is "compact" by default, meaning a text file containing ID's in the first column, and GO identifiers in the second, separated by spaces or semicolons. This is the same as the "Wego native format". A "long" format is also accepted, meaning a text file with two or more columns separated by spaces, containing an identifier, followed by a GO id, followed optionally by other columns which are ignored. The GO id's will first be aggregated for each identifier. The output of GOretriever can be used as "long" format.

Value

A list with the following components

counts A vector of the same length as the list of GO id's of interest giving the number

of ID's in each category

ID.list The list of ID's for each GO category

datafile The abundance datafile provided passed through

abundance A matrix with as many rows as the GO list provided, and as many columns as

the abundance data file

N The number of protein (gene etc) identifiers in each file

fname The filename without the file path

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Author(s)

D. Pascovici

Examples

```
termList <- c("response to stimulus", "transport")
GOIDmap <- getGoID(termList)
GOIDlist <- names(GOIDmap)

# use one of the stored files
dir <- system.file("files", package="PloGO2")
fname <- paste(dir, "00100.txt", sep="/")
datafile <- paste(dir, "NSAF.csv", sep="/")

# or if abundance in present aggregate that by category
processGoFile(fname, GOIDlist, datafile=datafile)</pre>
```

processPathFile

Function to process a single pathway file in wego-like native format

Description

For each pathway extract all ID's from the file. If abundance data is present extract and merge.

Usage

```
processPathFile(fname, AnnotIDlist, datafile=NULL, datafile.ignore.cols=1,
format=c("compact","long"), aggregateFun="sum")
```

Arguments

fname The pathway file name, in either Wego native format or long format

AnnotIDlist The list of pathway annotation ID

datafile The file containing abundance or NULL if none.

datafile.ignore.cols

How many columns in the abundance file to ignore. By default assume the first

only, containing identifiers.

format Either "compact" or "long"; see details

aggregateFun The aggregation function for abundance data

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Details

The format is "compact" by default, meaning a text file containing ID's in the first column, and pathway identifiers in the second, separated by spaces or semicolons. This is the same as the "Wego native format". A "long" format is also accepted, meaning a text file with two or more columns separated by spaces, containing an identifier, followed by a pathway id, followed optionally by other columns which are ignored. The pathway id's will first be aggregated for each identifier.

Value

A list with the following components

counts A vector of the same length as the list of pathway id's of interest giving the

number of ID's in each category

ID.list The list of ID's for each pathway category

datafile The abundance datafile provided passed through

abundance A matrix with as many rows as the pathway list provided, and as many columns

as the abundance data file

N The number of protein (gene etc) identifiers in each file

fname The filename without the file path

Author(s)

J. Wu

Examples

```
# use one of the stored files
dir <- system.file("files", package="PloGO2")
fname <- paste(dir, "PWFiles/AllData.txt", sep="/")
datafile <- paste(dir, "Abundance_data.csv", sep="/")
AnnotIDlist <- unique(unlist(sapply(read.delim(fname, stringsAsFactors=FALSE)[,2], function(x) strsplit(x, split
# or if abundance in present aggregate that by category</pre>
```

read.annot.file

Function to read an annotation file.

Description

Accepts GO id's separated by space or semicolon

Usage

```
read.annot.file(fname, format = c("compact","long"))
```

processPathFile(fname, AnnotIDlist, datafile=datafile)

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Arguments

fname The file name containing GO annotation format Either "compact" or "long"; see details

Details

The format is "compact" by default, meaning a text file containing ID's in the first column, and GO identifiers in the second, separated by spaces or semicolons. This is the same as the "Wego native format". A "long" format is also accepted, meaning a text file with two or more columns separated by tabs, containing an identifier, followed by a GO id, followed optionally by other columns which are ignored. The GO id's will first be aggregated for each identifier. GO files in long format can be obtained using for instance biomart, or GoRetriever.

Value

A data frame with two columns, ID's and GO separated by spaces

Author(s)

T. Keighley, D.Pascovici

Examples

```
# use one of the stored files
dir <- system.file("files", package="PloGO2")
fname <- paste(dir,"00100.txt", sep="/")

# Example with GoRetriever download
longFormat <- paste(dir,"goRetOutput.txt", sep="/")
read.annot.file(fname)
read.annot.file(longFormat, format="long")

# Example with biomart download
biomartDownload <- paste(dir,"mart_export.txt", sep="/")
read.annot.file(biomartDownload, format="long")</pre>
```

writeAnnotation

Function to print GO/pathway annotation to files

Description

Prints available GO or pathway annotation and abundance (if existing) in a long format or an adjacency matrix type format.

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Usage

```
writeAnnotation(res.list, datafile = NULL, datafile.ignore.cols = 1, format = c("list", "matrix"),outFo
```

Arguments

res.list The result of processAnnotation

datafile A CSV file with additional experimental information, if any

datafile.ignore.cols

The number of columns to ignore in the data file

format Either "matrix" or "list".

outFolder The output files folder

Details

The GO/pathway information and abundance will be printed to files. If the format is "list", then the files will be text files, and each category will be printed in turn, with all the identifiers and data underneath. If the format is "matrix", then the data will be printed in matrix format, identifiers (rows) by GO categories (columns), with the abundance data appended.

Value

The path of the annotation folder.

Author(s)

D. Pascovici

See Also

processAnnotation

```
# choose two simple GO categories
termList <- c("response to stimulus", "transport", "signaling")
GOIDmap <- getGoID(termList)
GOIDlist <- names(GOIDmap)

dir <- system.file("files", package="PloGO2")
file.names <- paste(dir,c("00100.txt", "01111.txt", "10000.txt", "11111.txt","Control.txt"), sep="/")

# summarize annotation
res.list <- processAnnotation(file.names, GOIDlist)

# write to "matrix" or alternatively "list" format
writeAnnotation(res.list, format="matrix")</pre>
```

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