Package 'Ropj'

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Type Package Title Import Origin(R) Project Files Version 0.3-6 **Description** Read the data from Origin(R) project files ('*.opj') <https://www.originlab.com/doc/User-Guide/Origin-File-Types>. No write support is planned. License GPL (>= 3) **Depends** R (>= 3.1)**Imports** Rcpp (>= 0.12.9) LinkingTo Rcpp BugReports https://codeberg.org/aitap/Ropj/issues **NeedsCompilation** yes Author Miquel Garriga [aut], Stefan Gerlach [aut], Ion Vasilief [aut], Alex Kargovsky [aut], Knut Franke [ctb], Alexander Semke [ctb], Tilman Benkert [ctb], Kasper Peeters [ctb], Russell Standish [ctb], Mehdi Chinoune [ctb], Ivan Krylov [cre] Maintainer Ivan Krylov <ikrylov@disroot.org> **Repository** CRAN Date/Publication 2025-03-15 22:50:05 UTC

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Ropj-package

Description

Read the data from Origin(R) project files ('*.opj') < https://www.originlab.com/doc/User-Guide/Origin-File-Types>. No write support is planned.

Details

This package exports a single function, read.opj, that tries to read an OPJ file and return a list of objects that it consists of.

No write support seems to be planned in the foreseeable future.

References

https://sourceforge.net/projects/liborigin/: the liborigin implementation used by this package. Seems to be maintained as of 2021.

Examples

```
## Not run: x <- read.opj('data.opj')</pre>
```

read.opj

Parse Origin(R) project file into a list of objects

Description

This function parses an OPJ file into a list of objects it consists of. Items understood by read.opj include spreadsheets, matrices, and notes.

Usage

```
read.opj(file, encoding = 'latin1', tree = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

file	Path to the OPJ file to parse. Only file paths are supported, not R connections. Path is not expanded automatically.
	The path must be representable in the native encoding of the R session. Unfor- tunately, a Unicode path that doesn't fit in the ANSI encoding will not work on Windows older than version 10, November 2019.
encoding	Encoding of the strings inside the file being opened. This should correspond to the ANSI code page of Windows installation used to produce the file. The default of 'latin1' is usually safe to use. See iconvlist() for the full list of encodings supported by your R installation.

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tree	Control the structure of the returned list. When FALSE (default), returned list
	is flat and its unique names correspond to the short names of the objects, while
	the comment attribute contains their long names and comments. When TRUE, the
	list itself becomes a recursive data structure containing the tree of the objects,
	making it possible to access objects by their paths in that tree.
	The rest of the arguments is passed to as.data.frame when converting spread- sheets from lists of columns, making it possible to set stringsAsFactors and other parameters as needed.

Value

A named list containing objects stored in the file.

- Spreadsheets are presented as data.frames, with additional attributes:
 - comment contains the fields Long name, Units, and Comment, joined by \r\n, if present. Due to a possible bug in liborigin, these values are sometimes followed by @ and some text that wasn't present in the original document. (In versions prior to v0.2-2 it was called comments, which should be still supported until v1.0.)
 - commands contains the formula that was used to create the values of the column (e.g. col(A) * 2 + 1).
- Multi-sheet spreadsheets are stored as named lists of data.frames described above.
- Matrices are presented as lists of matrix objects containing numeric data. dimnames are also assigned. The list also has attributes:
 - commands contains the formula that was used to compute the values in the matrix.
- Notes are stored as plain strings.

When tree = FALSE, the list is flat, its names are short names of the objects, and the comment attribute of the list contains the long names of the objects stored in the file.

When tree = TRUE, the list names are long names (if present; short otherwise) and the list itself represents the folder structure of the project.

Note

The new Unicode file format (OPJU) is not supported.

While Origin(R) and its scripting language seem to rely on the *short* names of the objects being unique across a project, neither *long* names nor *folder* names are guaranteed to avoid collisions. Tree-like lists returned by read.opj(..., tree = TRUE) might be easier to navigate interactively but present problems if someone gives multiple folders or objects the same long name.

Examples

```
x <- read.opj(system.file('test.opj', package = 'Ropj'))
head(x$Book2, 7)
comment(x$Book2)
attr(x$Book2, 'commands')
with(x$Book1, head(Sheet2 - Sheet1))
x$MBook1$MSheet1[1:4,1:4]</pre>
```

x\$Note1

```
if ('CP1251' %in% iconvlist()) {
    # encoding names aren't guaranteed to be supported across all platforms
    x <- read.opj(system.file('test.opj', package = 'Ropj'), 'CP1251')
    print(x$cyrillic)
}
str(read.opj(system.file('tree.opj', package = 'Ropj'), tree = TRUE))</pre>
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